Terms of the Circuit Court in the 35th Judicial Circuit.

Pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, I do hereby fix and appoint the time for holding the several terms of the Circuit Court in the Thirty-fifth Judicial Circuit, for the years 1896 and 1897, as follows:

SHIAWASSEE COUNTY.

On the fourth Mondays in February and November, the second Monday in May, and the first Monday in September.

LIVINGSTON COUNTY.

On the second Mondays in February and November, and the third Mondays in April and June.

STEARNS F. SMITH,
Circuit Judge.

October 29, 1895.

MEN THEY FELL ON

Those Ballots That Were So Busy Dropping.

TAMMANY NOT UNDER THE HEAP.

Empire State Stays in the Republican Ranks—Ohio and Iowa Results Only a Question of Majorities—Maryland Undoubtedly Gone Republican—Massachusetts Votes as Usual, as Does Mississippi—New Jersey Claimed by the G. O. P.—Result in Kentucky in Doubt.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—The gains of the Republicans at this writing indicate a Republican plurality of 70,000. The plurality of the Democrats in New York and Kings counties is 41,612 for the state ticket.

The election of Amos J. Cummings, Democrat, to congress from the Tenth district is conceded by the Republicans. Last year the district went Republican by a small margin. Cumming's plurality as estimated at 4,000. Foley, Dem., who ran for the senate against ex-Police Inspector Williams, in the Twelfth district claims his election by 5,000 or 7,000 majority. Williams concedes his defeat.

State Carried by the Republicans.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—New York state has been carried by the Republicans by pluralities ranging from 45,000 to 55,000, compared with a plurality of 24,484 for the head of the ticket two years ago. In 1893 Palmer, Republican, for secretary of state, had a plurality of 34,827 in New York state above the Harlem river, while Meyer, Dem., had a plurality in New York and Kings counties of 60,343, giving the Republican candidate a plurality of 24,484 on the total state vote. This year Palmer, Rep., for secretary of state, has carried the state above the Harlem, based upon returns from 1,735 election districts out of a total of 3,333, or more than one-half of the outside election districts, by probably 100,000 plurality.

Legislature Also Republican.

King, Dem., has carried New York and Kings counties by a plurality of nearly 50,000, giving the head of the Republican ticket a safe plurality of 50,000 in the state at large. The two branches of the legislature remain as before, under the direction of the Republicans. The election throughout the state was orderly and rapidly conducted and the results were quickly compiled. All the talk about the difficulty of handling the blanket ballot went for naught. So far as the success or failure of the blanket ballot was concerned the advices from all over the state show that there was little or no trouble.

Tammany Carries the County.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—At Tammany Hall Sheahan estimates Tammany' plurality in the county at 45,000 or 50,000. Sohmer's estimate is 42,000. The Sun, Dem., claims that Tammany has carried the city by 25,000. The Mail and Express, Rep., concedes the city to Tammany by 20,000. Roosevelt says the result on the county ticket was because the Good Government people insisted on running a separate ticket.

DEMOCRATS CONCEDE IOWA.

Republicans Claim 66,000 While Their Opponents Agree on 33,000.

DES MOINES, Nov. 7.—The Republicans claim the state by 66,000 while the Democrats concede 33,000, which was Jackson's plurality two years ago.

DES MOINES, Nov. 6.—The Republican state central committee claims the state by 80,000 or more. The committee also claims the legislature by two-thirds majority. The present indications are that the Populists will make large gains all over the state, making their total vote maybe 50,000, the largest ever polled in the state. The Republican vote shows no special loss, the losses to Populism being almost uniformly from the Democrats.

BIG CLAIMS FOR BUSHNELL.

Republicans Say His Plurality Will Be Larger Than McKinley's.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 6.—The Republican state committee claims that the plurality of General Bushnell will exceed that of 80,000 for Governor McKinley in 1893, with which year's vote they are comparing returns. There are some at their headquarters who say that complete returns will show a Republican plurality almost equal to that of last year—137,000—the high-water mark.

At Democratic state headquarters, at 10 p. m., an announcement was made that Ohio has gone Republican by a decisive majority in the legislature as well as a large plurality on the state ticket. As both parties had the same financial platform the silver question was not an issue in the campaign. The tariff was the only national issue between the parties. The Populists cast about 40,000 votes, the Prohibitionists about 20,000, and the Socialists about 2,000. Neither the third, fourth nor fifth parties nor the A. P. A. affected the result. The contest was between the Republicans and Democrats on the tariff and state issues.

COLUMBUS, Nov. 6.—At Republican state headquarters their last bulletin for the night was issued at 1:30 o'clock, giving 111,000 plurality and 114 majority in the legislature to 35 Democrats.

NEITHER CLAIMING THE EARTH,

But Matters Look Favorable for Hardin in Kentucky.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 6.—There is a dearth of news at the headquarters of both the Democrats and Republicans. Reports are so meager that Chairman Norman would say nothing more than that he believed Hardin was elected. He would not say by what majority nor why he was so impressed. At the Republican headquarters many private telegrams had been received from the chairmen of the county committees. Congressman Hunter, chairman of the state committee, was not favorably impressed with the returns from the interior. He said that a continuation of these reports would indicate the election of Hardi by a small majority.

The chairman of the Republican county committee, with returns from two-thirds of the precincts before him, claims that the majority for Bradley in Jefferson county, including this city, will be 5,000. The Republicans have captured all of the offices, with three minor exceptions. In addition to this they have won the appellate judgship and gained two representatives in the lower house of the legislature.

Returns from ninety-five counties and towns, mostly incomplete, give Hardin, 82,155; Bradley, 28,536; Hardin's majority, 3,619. Other returns received give Bradley majorities aggregating 2,300, leaving a net majority of 1,223 for Hardin.

MARYLAND IS ON THE LIST.

No Room for Doubt That the State Has Gone Republican.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 6.—There seems to be no room for doubt that the Republicans have elected their entire state and city ticket, and that they will have a working majority in the next legislature, which will choose a successor to United States Senator Gibson. Even Howard county, the home of Senator Gorman, has apparently reversed its normal Democratic majority of 500 and gives Lowndes, Rep., for governor a majority of at least that number of votes. Baltimore city goes for the Republican ticket, both state and municipal, by majorities ranging from 6,000 to 8,000, and both branches of the city council will probably be Republican for the first time in many years.

Telegrams from the chairmen of the county committees to the Associated Press indicate that Washington county has gone for Lowndes by 1,200 votes, a Republican gain of 900; that Carolina county will give him a majority of 50, a Republican gain of more than 500; that Allegany county, the home of the Republican candidate, gives him 1,500, a Republican gain of 650. Thus it is in all parts of the state, and not even the most sanguine of Democrats claim to have carried anything worth carrying.

Hadley Elected Representative.

ALTON, Ills., Nov. 6.—Hadley, Rep., has an estimated majority of 3,300 in the Eighteenth district over Lane, Dem.

CHICAGO, Nov. 6.—In the election for member of congress in the Eighteenth district of this state South Litchfield township gives Lane, Dem., 258; Hadley, Rep., 287. Last year same township gave Lane 298; Remann, Rep., 280. Vandalia township—Total Republican majority, 122; net Democratic gain 61 over 1894. Second precinct—Lane, 145; Hadley, 198; Cooper, 11; Culp, 6. Net gain for Lane 24 over 1894. Fayette county, nine precincts, give Hadley a majority of 333, a net gain of 155 for Lane over 1894.

Utah Returns Are Slow.

SALT LAKE CITY, Nov 6.—Returns are extremely slow. Nothing yet received from city precincts. Returns to The Tribune from twenty-two precincts outside the city show a net Republican gain of 51 on the vote for governor. No reliable reports on legislative ticket. Roberts, Dem., for congress, is running ahead of the ticket.

Returns indicate the adoption of the constitution by a large majority.

Pingree Gets There Four Times.

DETROIT, Nov. 6.—Mayor Pingree is elected for his fourth term by upward of 10,000 plurality over Goldwater, Democrat. His majority is over 5,000 greater than two years ago. The Republican city ticket is elected and the common council will contain three more Republican aldermen than last year. Of sixteen aldermen chosen but three or four are Democrats.

A. P. A. Wins at Omaha.

OMAHA, Nov. 6.—Broatel, A. P. A., is elected mayor by 300 majority over Brown, Citizens. In the state there are Republican gains on all sides. Sound money Democrats "snowed under" the silver Democrats in their fight. Norval, Rep., is elected to the supreme court, Maxwell, Pop., coming next, his vote being about double both the Democrats.

Griggs Wins in Jersey Hands Down.

NEWYORK, Nov. 6.—The official vote for governor in New Jersey is: Griggs, 28,422; McGill, 7,600. Griggs' plurality, 20,822. Of the seven senators voted for five Republicans and one Democrat were elected, one being still in doubt. Of the sixty assemblymen elected forty are surely Republican, thirteen as surely Democrats, and seven in doubt.

Kansas Goes Republican.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 6.—Returns to about midnight indicate that the Kansas Republicans have carried a majority of their county tickets in their entirety by pluralities of 700 to 800, and that David Martin, Republican candidate for chief justice of the supreme court, is elected by a handsome majority.

Returns from Virginia.

RICHMOND, Nov. 6.—Returns from the election, which was for the legislature, indicate a gain for the opposition to the Democrats, which was a fusion of all elements against the Democracy. The senate will stand, Democrats, 34; anti-Democrats, 6; house, Democrats, 80; antis, 20.

Chicago Goes Republican.

CHICAGO, Nov. 6.—The election here for superior court judges and drainage trustees resulted in Republican victory in the case of each candidate. Indications are that the majorities will range from 20,000 to 30,000. The Torrens land title bill was carried.

Bay State Defeats Woman Suffrage.

BOSTON, Nov. 6.—The Greenhalge plurality in Massachusetts, estimating the vote of Brockton to be the same as last year, will be 63,858. Woman suffrage is buried beneath an avalanche of opposing votes—three to one.

Republican Plurality of 150,000.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 6.—Returns received indicate that Benjamin J. Haywood, Rep., has been elected state treasurer by about 150,000 plurality, a Republican gain over 1893, which was also an off year, of about 15,000.

Election at Port Huron.

PORT HURON, Mich., Nov. 6.—Boynton, Rep., is re-elected mayor by 431 majority. The remainder of the Republican city ticket is elected. The Republicans elect six, the Democrats three aldermen, with one ward tied.

Democratic Majority in Mississippi.

JACKSON, Nov 6.—The Democratic majority for state officers in Mississippi is estimated at 50,000.

Uncle Sam and John Bull Act Together

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 4.—The American missionaries in Bitlis have again complained to United States Minister Terrell that they are in imminent danger. Minister Terrell and Herbert, the British charge d'affairs, have therefore again made a demand upon the porte to insure the protection of the Americans.

Bandit Brown Goes to Indiana.

LANSING, Mich., Nov 2.—Governor Rich has issued extradition papers for James Brown, the self-confessed Kessler, Ind., train robber, who is now in jail at Allegan, Mich. He will be taken to Indiana at once.

HISTORY OF A WEEK

Thursday, Oct. 31.

Colonel John S. Mosby, who has been suffering from an attack of appendicitis at Marshall, Va., is convalescent, and has been removed to the home of his daughter at Warrenton, Va.

The A. R. U. on the Great Northern is revising its wage schedule to present to President Hill, who will have to agree or stand a strike, the men say.

The name of Sandy Hook, which is now a great fortification, has been changed to Fort Hancock.

Milwaukee wants a national convention, too. She is making a campaign for that of the Populists.

While Herman Webber, of Chicago, was loading a wagon a box of books fell from the third story and struck him on the head, killing him instantly.

At Akron, O., Alice B. Sims, proprietor of the Pendleton House, has assigned. Assets, $18,000; liabilities, $10,000.

Friday, Nov. 1.

Three highwaymen terrorized the Chicago stock yards district and held up two saloonkeepers. While attempting to rob a third victim they were arrested and locked up in the stockyards station. They gave their names as Claud May, Lewis King, and Albert Trumbley.

Two students have been expelled from the Pennsylvania state college, fourteen more have been indefinitely suspended, and wholesale criminal prosecutions may follow—all the result of hazing.

Obituary: At Hot Springs, Ark, ex-Mayor Givin, of Effingham, Ills. At Jacksonville, Ills., Rev. J. P. Dimmitt. At Lowell, Ind., John N. Sanger, 95.

An inventory of the estate of the late John Dean Caton, of Chicago, showing property valued at $2,00,0000 has been filed in the probate court.

The Novoe Vremya says that according to advices received by that newspaper the Japanese troops are being rapidly withdrawn from the Liao-Tung peninsula.

Saturday, Nov. 2.

The supreme court of Illinois has decided, practically, as to the Australian ballot that if it is marked so as to clearly express the voter's intention it must be counted.

A. J. Sewell, assistant cashier of the First National bank, of McGregor, Tex., which was robbed the other night of $10,000, has been arrested for the robbery, and seems certain of conviction.

Nobody in France likes the new ministry and its early downfall is predicted.

Fire at Dauphin, Pa., caused by a spark from a locomotive, destroyed 4,000,000 feet of lumber worth $75,000.

The city of Rome was severely shaken by an earthquake yesterday. There was great alarm and many walls were cracked.

The Chicago Packing and Provision company has purchased a plant at Fort Worth, Tex., which has a capacity of 2,500 hogs a day and was erected in 1891 at a cost of $400,000. The company will immediately enter upon the business of packing hogs and killing cattle and sheep.

Monday, Nov. 4.

The Dole government at Honolulu has appointed F. W. Hatch minister to Washington in place of W. R. Castle, who only took the position temporarily.

Captain Healy, of the revenue cutter Bear, fell into the water at Unalaska and struck a floating log. His injuries were serious.

Prominent southern residents of Washington are taking steps to raise money for the rebuilding of the portion of the University of Virginia recently burned.

Julius Bauer, fireman, was seriously and two other persons slightly hurt at a Chicago fire that damaged the stock and building of Max Lurie's dry goods establishment $65,000.

The Atlanta Exposition company has the money to pay off 25 per cent of the bonds issued in aid thereof.

It is announced from Barbadoes, W. I., that Venezuela has altered the aspect of her difficulty with Great Britain by firing on a British vessel in British waters and killing the captain.

Tuesday, Nov. 5.

John R. Mulvane, president of the Bank of Topeka, has bought in the various mortgages against the Topeka Capital, and it is said will this week take charge of the paper.

The mutilated body of Ida Gaskin was found at Omaha, outraged and murdered. George Morgan, Ed Sanford and Harry Booker, all young men, have been arrested and seem to be the right men.

The steamer Missoula is sixty hours overdue at Sault Ste. Marie.

The Speed Home for Infants at Cleveland has been set on fire seven times within the last two days and the attendants are panic-stricken.

The steamer Joe Peters, plying between Memphis and Vicksburg, sank at Island Sixty-Three, 120 miles below Memphis, while on her way down to Vicksburg. Loss, boat and cargo, about $18,000.

President Cleveland has issued a proclamation setting apart Thursday, Nov. 28, as a day of national thanksgiving.

Jacob Goshert, a stock buyer and shipper, hanged himself near Warsaw, Ind. He was 45 years old.

Wednesday, Nov. 6.

Prince Yturbide called Bob Neville, a well-known Washington man, a "liar and horsethief," and a duel has been arranged.

The W. J. Rainey Coke company has been absorbed by the Carnegie interest. The price paid is said to have been $2,250,000.

James B. Wade, a well-known traveling man, committed suicide at Lebanon, Tenn.

A New York cheese dealer threatens to sue President Cleveland for a bill for $3.40.

The coldest October for a quarter of a century, and with one exception the dryest, is the record the weather bureau at Chicago furnishes for last month.

There has been a rise at Chicago in the price of soft coal of 10 cents since the middle of last week. Many grades are affected. The advance is in part ascribable to conditions of mining and car supply and in part to the policy of the numerous compacts entered into by operators in different sections during the last few months.

Snow has fallen to a depth of about two feet on the mountains in the past twenty-four hours in southwestern Colorado.

Judge P. S. Grosscup, of the United States district court, has recovered from his recent illness and will shortly resume his work on the bench.

Gottlieb Averling, a farmer, was instantly killed by a Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul passenger train three miles north of Ontarioville, Ills.

Mrs. Sealy, of Star, Vernon county, Wis., has an ear of corn that contains 28 perfect rows with an average of over 50 kernels in a row, or 1,400 kernels.

An eccentric farmer who died the other day in Connecticut directed that his body should be inclosed in an iron casket and thrown to the bottom of Long Island sound.

"Titles and honors bring gratification," says Bismarck; "but when I suffer with this terrible pain in my leg I would give all the titles in Europe for a cure for the rheumatism."

A spectator in a Japanese theater, on payment of a small extra fee, is permitted to stand up, and the person behind him cannot object, although the latter's view of the performance is obstructed.

A novel way of committing suicide was attempted by a crazy negro in Corydon, Ky. He clutched a mule's tail, and clung fast to it until the animal had almost kicked him to death.

It is a remarkable fact that the actual cost of the Kiel ship canal was below the estimates. They amounted to 156,000,000 marks ($37,440,000), and the cost was 155,378,00 marks ($37,290,720).

A tiger lately on exhibition in Lyons, France, became ill and died. An autopsy revealed the fact that for months the animal had been a sufferer from a well-developed case of Bright's disease.

A colored man was recently shown a skeleton by a Portland doctor. He had never seen one before and was greatly interested. He examined the skull closely and finally asked, "Where are the ears?"

Peaches are ripe in Barrien county, Georgia, but fruitgrowers in Berrien county, Michigan, will have to wait a few days yet. The two Berrien counties are in the great peach belt of the north and south.

Three brothers, Victor, Peter, and Frank, were married at the same time and place, on May 3, 1870. They and their wives recently celebrated their twenty-fifth wedding anniversary, in Scranton, Pa.

A family in Knox county, Maine, that sleeps too soundly to be awakened by a chanticleer has a novel alarm. A big cow bell is attached to the neck of the dog, and at a certain time in the morning he makes a tour of the chambers.

A Boston paper which has gone daft on abbreviations thus reports a news item: "His Hon. the Lieut. Gov. of Mass. returned from N. H. yesterday with ½ doz. other citizens of Mass. and expects next wk to go to N. Y. by way of Prov."

FIGURES TO PROVE IT.

Over 800 British criminals have been executed in England since the accession of Queen Victoria.

The household work of the families in the United States was in 1880 done by 1,075,653 domestic servants.

The professional men among our immigrants have generally borne a very small proportion to the total number.

Over one-half the population of Rhode Island and nearly one-half that of Connecticut are employed in the mills.

Over 43 per cent of the Irish citizens of this country find employment in some form of personal or professional service.

Native-born farmers of this country form 26 per cent of its population; farmers of Foreign birth number 17.6 per cent.

Of all the handicraftsmen the carpenters were the most numerous when the tenth census was taken, numbering 373,143.

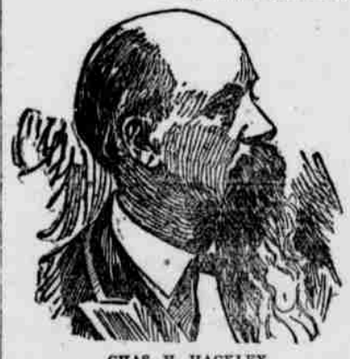
Agricultural statistics indicate that England has about 1,840,528 milch cows; Scotland, 432,916; Ireland, 1,441,175, and Wales 281,180.

MICHIGAN'S BENEFACTOR.

AN OFT REPEATED STORY OF TRUE PHILANTHROPY

What Chas. H. Hackley has Done for Western Michigan—How the only Cloud in the Life of an Honored Man was Brushed away by Science.

From the Grand Rapids, Mich., Evening Press.



CHAS. H. HACKLEY.

The most beautiful spot in Muskegon is inseparably associated with the name of Hackley, and in all Western Michigan there is not a name better known, and among the studious and those interested in deeds of philanthropy, this name is known and admired. Chas. H. Hackley has been in the lumber business continuously since 1856, and in that time has amassed a fortune, which gives him a rating among the wealthy men of the nation. But with wealth there did not come that tightening of the purse-strings which is generally a marked characteristic of wealthy men.

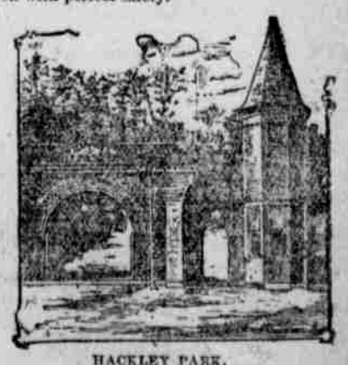
There is no prettier spot in the State than Hackley Park in a square surrounded and pierced by stone walls, emphasizing with their whiteness the green of faultlessly kept lawns, its crowning pride a towering soldier's monument on the top of which stands a bronze figure pointing ever in remembrance of the heroes who died that the nation might live. Surrounding this park are the magnificent Hackley Public Library—a poem in granite—with its 60,000 volumes, and the equally stately Hackley school, like a bee-hive with its 600 children. Other elegant buildings testify likewise to the liberality and munificence of this man who has pulled wealth out of the forests of Michigan.

It is no wonder then that the name of Chas. H. Hackley is known at home and abroad. His munificence to Muskegon alone represents an outlay of nearly half a million. For the past twenty years he has been a constant sufferer from neuralgia and rheumatism, also numbness of the lower limbs, so much so that it has seriously interfered with his pleasure in life. For some time past his friends have noticed that he has seemed to grow young again, and to have recovered the health which he had in youth.

To a correspondent of the *Press*, Mr. Hackley explained the secret of his transformation, and to his friends who have known how he suffered, it is indeed a transformation. "I have suffered for over twenty years," he said, seated in his private office, "with pains in my lower limbs so severely that the only relief I could get at night was by putting cold water compresses on my limbs. I was bothered more at night than in the day time. The neuralgic and rheumatic pains in my limbs, which had been growing in intensity for years, finally became chronic. I made three trips to the Hot Springs with only partial relief, and then fell back to my original state. I couldn't sit still, and my sufferings began to make life look very blue. Two years ago last September I noticed an account of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and what they had done for others, and some cases so nearly resembled mine that I was interested. But I did not know whether the testimonials were genuine or not, and I did not wish to be humbugged, so I wrote to one who had given a testimonial, an eminent professor of music in Canada. The reply I received was even stronger than the printed testimonial, and it gave me faith in the medicine.

"I began taking the pills and found them to be all that the professor had told me they would be. It was two or three months before I experienced any perceptible betterment of my condition. My disease was of such long standing that I did not expect speedy recovery, and was thankful even to be relieved. I progressed rapidly, however, towards recovery, and for the last six months have felt myself a perfectly well man. I have recommended the pills to many people, and am only too glad to assist others to health through the medium of this wonderful medicine. I cannot say too much for what it has done for me."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People have an enormous sale, and from all quarters come in glowing reports of the excellent results following their use. An analysis proves that they contain in a condensed form all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effects of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, that tired feeling resulting from nervous prostration; all diseases resulting from vitiated humors in the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities, and all forms of weakness. They build up the blood and restore the glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of whatever nature. There are no ill effects following the use of this wonderful medicine, and it can be given to children with perfect safety.



HACKLEY PARK.

These pills are manufactured by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., and are sold only in boxes bearing the firm's trade mark and wrapper, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50, and are never sold in bulk. They may be had of all druggists or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company. The price at which these pills are sold makes a course of treatment inexpensive as compared with other remedies.