MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

SAGINAW DIVISION.

OWOSSO TIME CARD.

RAINS SOUTH.

Chicago Express leaves 8:38 a. m., arrives in Jackson 10:45 a. m., Chicago 6:15 p. m.

Chicago Express, leaves 8:45, p. m. arrives in Jackson 10:50 p. m., Chicago 6:05 a. m. Through Sleeper (Bay City to Chicago).

Chicago Fast Train leaves 12:04 p. m., arrives in Jackson 2:30 p. m., Chicago 8:50 p. m.

TRAINS NORTH

Bay City Express, leaves 9:00 a. m., arrives at Bay City 11:10 a. m. Sleeper, Chicago to Bay City.

Marquette Express leaves Owosso 7:15 p. m. arrives at Bay City 9:20 p. m.

Bay City Express leaves 1:50 p. m.; arrive at Bay City 3:45 p. m.

All trains daily except Sunday.

G. A. JOHNSON, Agent, Owosso.
W RUGGLES, G. P. & T. A., Chicago.

ANN ARBOR TIME TABLE.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT MAY 21, '99
Trains leave Owosso as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
Daily except sunday	Daily except Sunday
No. 1, 11:23 a. m.	No. 2, 9:03 a. m.
No. 3, 7:00p. m.	No. 4, 5:48 p. m.

Above trains daily except Sunday.
Free Reclining Chair Cars on Through Train
Sleeping Cars on Night trains.
Cheap rates and good connections with boats a Frankfort for the west and northwest.
W. H. BENNETT, G. P. A.
Burt. S. Stratton, Agt., Owosso.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

(Detroit & Milwaukee Division.)

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT JUNE 19, 1899.

Arrival and Departure of Trains at Owosso

Westward.

	Leave	Arrive.
Gr'd Rapids. Gr'd Haven and Muskegon	a. m. †10:02	p. m. † 6:04
Gr'd Rapids, Gr'd Havan and Muskegon	p. m. † 9:31	p. m. † 1:04
Grand Haven	p. m. † 7:17	a. m. † 9:00
From Durand to G'd Haven	a. m. 7:35	p. m. * 9:53

Eastward.

Detroit, Canada and East	a. m. † 9:00	p. m. † 7:17
Detroit and Chicago via Durand	p. m. † 1:04	p. m. † 9:31
Detroit, Canada and East	p m. † 6:04	a. m. †10:09
Durand, Canada and East	p. m. * 9:53	a. m. * 7:35

† Except Sunday. * Daily

SLEEPING AND PARLOR CAR SERVICE.

WESTBOUND.

10:02 a. m. train has Parlor car to Grand Rapids. Extra charge 25 cents.

7:17 p. m. train has Parlor car to Grand Haven. Extra charge 25 cents.

EASTBOUND.

9:00 a. m. train has Parlor car to Detroit. Extra charge 25 cents. Pullman Parlor car, Detroit to Toronto, connecting with Sleeper for the east and New York. Connects with G. & G. T. division at Durand for Chicago and Pt. Huron and with C., S. & M. division for Saginaw and Bay City.

4:03 p. m. train has Parlor car to Detroit. Extra charge 25 cents, and Pullman Sleeping car Detroit to Toronto, Suspension Bridge, Buffalo, Philadelphia and New York. Connects at Durand with C., S. and M. div. for Saginaw and Bay City and with G. & G. T. for Pt. Huron and Battle Creek.

(Toledo, Saginaw & Muskegon Division.)

Between Owosso Junction and Muskegon.

Leave Owosso Junction, 6:15 a. m. and 7:35 a. m.

Arrive, Owosso Junction, 5:50 p. m. and 7:05 p. m.

G. H. HUGHES,
Asst. Gen'l P. & T. Agent.
BEN FLETCHER,
WYKES, Local Agent. Mich. Pass. Agent.

Death of L. J. Kemp.

Lewis J. Kemp, aged 63 years, died of Bright's disease, at the home of his daughter, Mrs. F. A. Bement, in Ovid at three o'clock Sunday morning. He was born in Vermont, but for sixty years had been a resident of Shiawassee county. He was one of the noblest of men, and will be greatly missed in the community where he has resided. He purchased the farm which he owned at the time of his death, when he was 18 years of age, and made it one of the finest places in Middlebury. He was a kind and indulgent father, and his christian example worthy of imitation. Three children are left to mourn his departure. Mrs. F. A Bement, of Ovid, Mrs. A. W. Gunn, of Baldwin, and George L. Kemp, who resides on the farm. The funeral was conducted at his late residence, and interment in Sciota cemetery.—News.

In some of the Swiss valleys the inhabitants are all afflicted with goitre or "thick neck." Instead of regarding this as a deformity they seem to think it a natural feature of physical development, and tourists passing through the valleys are sometimes jeered by the goitrous inhabitants, because they are without this offensive swelling. Thus a form of disease may become so common that it is regarded as a natural and necessary condition of life. It is so, to a large extent, with what are called diseases of women. Every woman suffers more or less from irregularity, ulceration, debilitating drains, or feamale weakness, and this suffering is so common and so universal that many women accept it as a condition natural and necessary to their sex. But it is a condition as unnatural as it is unnecessary. The use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Presciption strengthens the delicate womanly organs and regulates the womanly functions, so that woman is pratically delivered from pain and misery that eat up ten years of her life-between the ages of fifteen and forty-five. "Favorite Prescripton" makes weak women strong and sick women well.

Middlebury.

Miss Grace Hall was the guest of Etta Sears recently——Mr. and Mrs. W. Bartlett entertained his brother, Fred, and family last week——Mr. Ganong is preparing to build a barn——Mrs. L. C. Van Dyne and daughter, Mrs. Belle Smith, visited at Mr. Devereaux's, in Duplain, recently——D. Snyder visited his sister, Mrs. Bell, who is very ill at her home near St. Johns, Sunday——Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Fuller, of Fairfield, visited Mrs. Fuller's grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. D. Snyder Sunday——Walter Bartlett and wife and E. Stanton were at Round Lake last Saturday——Mrs. Thomas Marvin visited her mother and sister near St. Johns Sunday. Her mother is very ill——Miss Stella Patrick leaves this week for Belding where she formerly worked in the silk factory——Messrs. G. Lake, D. Hyde, Frank Patrick, Walworth, G. G. Smith and their wives and E. Patrick and daughter, Stella, spent last Thursday at Round Lake——Mrs. Henry Hall and two daughters, of Ionia, are spending some time with Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Hall, of this place——Mrs. Geo. Vincent entertained her sister and children, from Mt. Morris, recently——Miss Eliza Sears visited at home Sunday——Mrs. L. C. Van Dyne spent last Thursday in Ovid the guest of her cousin, Mrs. Lucy Hayes.

A lazy liver makes a lazy man. Burdock Blood Bitters is the natural, never failing remedy for a lazy liver.

Supply of Eggs Not Equal to the Demand.

From the New York Commercial.

While the demand for eggs is constantly increasing the supply shows a disappointing decrease. The speculative element in the market is in consequence expecting higher prices, while the trade in general is only striving to keep up its supply.

Last year's receipts on the New York markets were over 90,000,000 dozen, but the receipts for the first six months of this year show a decided falling off.

New York is the largest egg market in the world, and last year handled over $18,000,000 worth of eggs, figured at the average retail price of 20 cents.

The calico print interests use, it is roughly estimated, over 40,000,000 dozen eggs annually, while the coffee roasters, the photographic trades, the cracker and biscuit combines, and the chemical trades consume twice as many. In fact, the grocer is to-day compelled to compete in the general market against the buyers from a dozen manufacturing interests. The leather and leather product trades are also extensive users of eggs for tanning and refining purposes, as are also the several patent food concerns. Wine and liquor jobbers find the egg indispensable in "finding," and, in fact, when all the other interests have been supplied the grocer is indeed fortunate if he gets what he needs.

England last year imported over $20,000,000 worth of eggs, but the American egg had hardly any representative in these millions of cases. French, German and especially Canadian eggs reached the English market to the exclusion of the American article. This is principally due, say the leading dealers, to the fact that under the present tariff Canada, being unable to ship eggs into this country, sends them to Europe. Under these conditions, even if the American supply were in great excess of the demand, which it has never been, competition with Canada would be out of the question.

"It may not be generally known," said Mr. Martin, of G. W. Martin & Bros., "but the volume of the egg business in this country is larger than many of the supposed great businesses. The profit is much smaller, with the transactions quicker, but in the aggregate the egg business is one of the most important and extensive in the country. Eighteen millions of dollars' worth of eggs were handled in this city alone last year, while Chicago, St. Louis and the other markets together would probably more than double this figure. The manufacturing interests, of course, have had a great effect upon the market, but the demand from the table is growing heavier every day. The farmers are learning this and chicken raising, which a few years ago was practically neglected, is now becoming as much of an industry as hay or wheat raising, and much more profitable.

"The National Biscuit Co. buys 4,000 dozen eggs a week, or 16,000 dozen a month, while the innumerable smaller and independent concerns buy as much more—all in the local market. Outside of New York, these and similar interests are also heavy buyers, as in the instance of the calico print trades, which buy from five million to eight million dozen eggs a year on this market. Statistics show that these trades use over 40,000,000 dozen annually, buying mostly in the New England markets. Dye manufacturers are also extensive buyers of eggs, as are the confectioners and bakers. The commercial uses of the egg are numerous, and in a dozen trades it is found absolutely indispensable."

"The egg is a much more important factor of commerce than most people believe," said Supt. F. W. Henry, of the Mercantile Exchange, to a reporter for the Commercial. In only one instance have I noticed that a substitute for the egg has been found, and that is in the manufacture of photographic paper, where collodion and gelatine are now being used, which are just as satisfactory and much cheaper. In the other trades, however, the egg is still a factor, and an important one at that."

Who Will be our next President?

Politicians are now planning for the presidential campaign of 1900, but the war has so overshadowed all other matters that politics is almost unnoticed. Many people are of the opinion that the candidates will be the same as in 1896, but there may be a "dark horse" who will win the race. Popularity has much to do with candidates. This is also true with medicine. The most popular remedy today is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, and it has retained this for many years. Science never discovered the equal of this medicine for stomach, liver and kidney diseases. It builds up solid flesh tissue, imparts vigor and vitality to all organs, and makes life worth living. A bottle will make a big change for the better. Try it.

Free-trade almost wrecked the greatest trust in this country, the legislative, executive and judicial trust, known as the United States of America, the only concern allowed to do business in its peculiar lines within its vast territory, extending from Canada to the Gulf of Mexico. The Brooklyn Times thoroughly believes that free-trade would wreck a great many trusts—and a lot of legitimate business as well.—Brooklyn Times.

Notice to Wheelmen.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 25 cent bottle of Henry & Johnson's Arnica and Oil Liniment if it fails to cure bumps, bruises, scratches, chafes, cuts, strains, blisters, sore muscles, sunburn, chapped hands or face, pimples, freckles, or any other ailments requiring an external application. Lady riders are especially pleased with Arnica and Oil Linament, it is so clean and nice to use. Twenty-five cents a bottle: one three times as large for 50 cents.

Sprague & Co., H. A. Blackmar, J. S. Haggart, J. C. Johnson, Parkill & Son, Collins & Co.

Some men think they have great will power, because they never had occasion to test it.

Champion Shot of the World,

Miss Annie Oakley writes: "Myself and many of the Buffalo Bill Wild West Co. have given Allen's Foot-Ease, the powder to shake into the shoes, a most thorough trial, and it does all if not more than you claim." It instantly takes the sting out of Corns and Bunions. Allen's Foot-Ease is a certain cure for swollen, hot, aching, nervous or sweating feet. Sold by all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent free. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

The rain does not fall alike on the just and the unjust; the latter always has the umbrella.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

A notary public of Ypsilanti was recently called upon to make a copy of a very curious document. It was presented by Robert Geddes, of Pittsfield, and was a captain's commission in the Continental army, issued to one of Geddes' ancestors in 1776. The commission is on parchment and is remarkably well preserved.

A firebug is still operating on the property of the Marquette Ice Co., at Marquette. Already the company's losses, as the result of four fires, is $6,500. The fires are thought to be the work of some enemy impelled by spite.

Reports to the state board of health show that rheumatism, diarrhea, neuralgia, bronchitis and consumption in the order named, caused the most sickness in the state during the past week. Consumption was reported at 189 places; typhoid fever, 36; measles, 36; scarlet fever, 29; whooping cough, 19; diphtheria, 15; cerebro-spinal meningitis, 4.

Ransom H. Gillett, of Lapeer, who, with a party of four, went to the Klondike a year ago, is home again. He says he has had enough of the Klondike. He has some gold and has five claims staked out, which he expects to sell to Boston parties.

Four Finnish timbermen were standing on a ladder in No. 2 shaft, Quincy mine, at a depth of 4,900 feet, when the ladder broke, precipitating all four to the 5,200 level. Andrew Millimakki was instantly killed, two others injured fatally, and one man received serious internal injuries, but may recover, despite the fall of 300 feet.

A Horrible Crime.

A horrible murder was committed in the northeastern section of Washington on the 6th. The murderer was Benjamin H. Snell, a special examiner in the pension office, a man about 45 years of age. His victim was Lena Weissenberger, a girl 13 years of age, who had been employed in his household until a few months ago, when she was taken home by her parents, who became suspicious of Snell's conduct toward her. Snell seemed to be infatuated with the child and paid her a great deal of attention, which, however, she resented. On the day of the tragedy Snell went to the home of the girl, and, finding her asleep, cut her throat with a razor and nearly severed the head from the body. He than attempt to make his escape but was caught by the police and lodged in jail.

While cutting brush at Pinckney, Edward Kennedy came upon a quail and a hen, both setting upon one nest. In the nest were 12 quail eggs and six hen eggs. They were not molested, and the two returned to their material duties. It is a conundrum as to which will own the chicks and which the birds.

Attorney-General Chase went to Coldwater recently, where he looked up the estates of two insane persons, who have for a long time been maintained as state patients. The result of his visit will be the payment to the state of $1,700, and the further maintenance of these individuals at their own expense.

Negotiations are now in progress looking toward the purchase by Illinois men of the car works plant at Muskegon, and if the deal goes through an agricultural implement factory will be started there, which will give employment to about 100 men.

"Every well man hath his ill day." When "a bit off or when seriously ill you should take, Hood's Sarsaparilla and get well.

A Maccabee picnic will be held in St. Joseph August 24, and the day of the picnic marriages will be entirely free. The weddings will occur on the local hotel verandas and licenses, ministers, and all other necessaries will be free of charge. This will no doubt draw a large crowd.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

As A. Tomkins, of Alpena, who took a dose of morphine to induce sleep, died Aug 8th. He was unconscious for 48 hours. He had been in business there for 23 years. He leaves a widow and two children.

That Throbbing Headache

Would quickly leave you, if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proven their matchless merit for sick and nervous headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by W. E. Collins & Co. druggist.

A bridge crossing the river one and one-half miles west of Evart gave way with a threshing machine engine. Walter Shippey and an assistant, who were in charge of the engine, escaped with more or less serious injuries.

NEWSY GENERALITIES

ITEMS GATHERED FROM ALL DIRECTIONS.

Adherents of Jiminez Have Taken Up Arms and the Government Troops are Joining the Revolutionists—The Dreyfus Trial has Commenced.

Trolley Car Plunged Into a Mill Pond.

Nearly 30 people were killed by an accident on the Stratford extension of the Shelton street railway company at 4 o'clock on the afternoon of Aug. 6th, when a loaded trolley car went off the trestle over Peck's mill pond, about six miles north of Bridgeport, Ct., and sank in the flats 40 feet below. The trestle is 440 feet long, made of iron, with stone foundations, and was not protected by guard rails. South of the trestle is an incline down which the car ran at a high rate of speed. After it ran onto the trestle for about 10 feet the trucks left the rails and then the car continued on the ties for about 75 feet, when it went off the trestle and dropped into the pond below, overturning completely and up-ended. When the car struck, the four-ton motor and the heavy trucks crushed into it, instantly killing many of the passengers.

Have Taken Up Arms.

Gens. Pablo Reyes, Ramon Pacheco, Clena Navarro, Jose Polo and Jose Jiminez have taken up arms in Santo Domingo in favor of Don Juan Isidro Jiminez, and occupy the plains of Chaguel and Curabo, as far as Jose de las Matas, as well as the towns of Guayabin, Sabaneta, Manzanillo and Dajabon, abandoned by the troops of the government of Santo Domingo. More than half these troops are said to have gone over to the camp of Gen. Pacheco, who is reported to have more than 800 well-armed men under his command. Gen. Guellito, governor of Monte Christi, who, it is claimed, has already lost half his troops, who have gone over to the enemy, is in a desperate position and unable to attack the revolutionists. It is added that he will be obliged to capitulate.

An 8-Years-Old Aeronaut.

During the balloon ascension at Fremont, O., on the 3d, by Aeronaut Harry Davis, of Delphos, thousands witnessed a thrilling sight not down on the program. Guy ropes holding the balloon became entangled about the arm of 8-year-old Lester Miller, just as the balloon shot up in the air, carrying the boy with it, suspended by one arm and shouting for help. The balloonist did not notice his companion until they were fully 1,000 feet in the air. He immediately cut the parachute loose, which changed the balloon's course, and fortunately all reached the ground alive, but the balloonist was more or less injured and the boy's arm was displaced.

Florida Town Almost Wiped Out.

The town of Carrabelle, a prosperous port on the Gulf of Mexico, southwest of Tallahassee, Fla., is reported almost completely destroyed by a terrific wind and rain storm which passed through that section on Aug. 2d. Many boats, which were in the harbor, have been wrecked and most of the long wharf is gone, together with large quantities of naval stores. At Lanark, the boat houses, pavilion and boats have been destroyed. The turpentine interests in this section are greatly damaged and much damage had been done to crops.

Tornado Visited New Jersey.

A tornado with a velocity of 80 miles and a width of three blocks, passed through Elizabeth, N. J., on Aug. 2d, doing damage conservatively estimated at $85,000. It raged for 10 minutes; then rain fell in torrents and afterward the sun came forth. The towers of the First Presbyterian, Third Presbyterian and Central Baptist churches were thrown down, and the Lyceum and Star theaters unroofed. Many other buildings and private dwellings were unroofed. No persons were seriously injured.

Does England Intend to Fight?

The imperial government and the dominion authorities have decided to increase both the regular military and militia forces at Victoria, B. C., and at Pacific coast depots of the British army and navy. Coming at a time when the relations between Canada and the United States are acknowledge by Premier Laurier to be rather strained over the Alaskan boundary question, it looks as though Great Britain and Canada were determined to assert their claims to those portions of Alaska demanded by Canada, by force of arms if necessary.

Dreyfus in Court.

The celebrated Dreyfus court-martial trial opened at Rennes, France, Aug. 7th. Every inch of space in the court room was filled a quarter of an hour before proceedings opened. Capt. Dreyfus answered the opening questions of the judge as to his name, age, etc., in a clear, determined voice. As the trial proceeds Dreyfus shows himself very keen of intellect, and several times he has corrected the judge's statements as to certain dates.

Six Wounded in a Race Riot.

A race riot occurred at the Poe cotton mills near Greenville, S. C., on the 7th in which one white man and five Negroes were wounded. Early in the evening several Negroes fired into the home of Mr. Greenberg, a mill operator, while he and his family were at supper. No one was struck by the shots but Greenberg and his friends followed the Negroes, capturing the leader. He was taken to jail.

On Aug. 2 there were confined in the Jackson prison 788 convicts, the smallest number in eight years.

Everyday Life of the Roman Populace.

Here in the Forum were the soldiers lounging in groups or advancing with measured tread among the unordered throngs, pushing all authoritatively aside and preserving order. Here, too, gathered all those people without any occupation, who appeared every week at the storehouses on the Tiber for grain, who fought for lottery tickets to the circus, who spent their nights in rickety houses beyond the river, their sunny, warm days under covered porticoes, and in foul eating houses of the Suburra, on the Milvian bridge, or before the "insulae" of the great, where from time to time remnants from the tables of slaves were thrown out to them. Last of all, portions of these always took advantage of that custom of the Roman nobles, who desired to shine as patrons of the public, to make themselves hangers-on. It must be remembered that in those days a patron's nobility was measured by the number of clients who mustered in the morning and saluted him at his first appearance on the balcony of his house. Thereafter they lounged for the remainder of the day in the temples and porticoes of the Forum. They whiled away the lagging hours which separated them from the hoped for invitation to dine with their patron by scratching rude verses and coarse jests on the walls or pillars against which they leaned, or by tracing on the pavements gaming tables whereon to play dice.—Ainslee's.

Currency Shortage.

Chicago Tribune: Chicago banks are suffering from the annual shortage of small bills. While none of them is crippled in its business transactions thus far, there is a probability of a shortage in the near future which will necessitate some measure to replenish the stock. The cause of the shortage is the direction of the current money toward the country districts. The farmers and the manufacturers in the country towns are employing large numbers of men, and require small bills for their pay rolls.