STRONG POLICE PROTECTION

Two Extra Companies of Officers Guarding the Anarchists.

ARMED WITH WINCHESTERS.

Mrs. Parsons Ordered to Desist From Selling Pamphlets on the Street-Spies, Fielden and Schwab Ask Mercy.

Everything Quiet. CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—The scene around the criminal court building and county jail this morning was an exceedingly quiet and peaceful one. There was nothing in it to suggest to the casual observer that events of momentous interest relating to the taking away of the lives of seven human beings were going on within the dark, sombre walls, or that since yesterday afternoon, when the news of the refusal of the highest court in the land to interfere with the penalty which twelve of their fellowcitizens had fixed as the just punishment of their crime was received, measures of the most vigorous character had been adopted and executed to prevent any interference with the carrying out of the law's just sentence, should any be attempted, and preserve the peace under all circumstances. There was nothing on the surface to indicate that several wagon loads of rifles and other arms had been conveyed to and disposed of within the jail in such a manner as to be most effecshould it ever be required to use them, or that the force police on the North Side had been greatly strengthened, the extra guards being stationed at points within easy reach of the fail so that they could reach it without loss of time and be on hand to quell any disturbance that might be attempted either within or without the jail walls. Yet all this has been done, the quietness and and dispatch with which the work was executed testifying to its effectiveness. There was no appearance of extra force around the building, and the patrolmen, detectives and deputy sheriffs who were on duty went their

to avoid and prevent any untoward event. At 8:30 o'clock, the hour, when the condemned men are allowed out of their cells for morning exercise, they descended to the cage and prepared to receive any friends who might visit them. There was nothing in their demeanor this morning to indicate that they stood under the shadow of the gal-

rounds in the most unostentatious manner

possible as if anxious to attract no attention.

They were there nevertheless, and their

presence was accepted as a guarantee that

every necessary precaution was being taken

The first visitor to arrive was Miss Engel. She immediately entered into conversation with her father and remained in earnest confab with him during the whole time allowed them for conference. Her manner was subdued and solemn and the sad, grave expression of her face showed that she realized to the full the gravity of the situation.

Miss Engel was closely followed by Louis Lingg's sweetheart, who carried on with her betrothed an animated conversation for over an hour. Her appearance presented a wonderful contrast to that of Miss Engel. He manner partook even of gaiety, and during the conversation she had with her lover a ringing laugh several times broke the curren of her remarks. On bidding him good-by sh wore a pleasant smile and merrily pressed each of his fingers in turn as he passed them through the wire grating of the cage. Next came Mrs. Schwab, accompanied by

her mother, Mrs. Schnaubelt, and her two little children and Mrs. Fischer and her two children. For the first time since the mer have been mearcerated their little children were refused admittance to the care to-day. Miss Van Zandt followed the other wome Miss van Zandt followed the other women in close order. She wore a small purple vel-vet bonnet, with pheasant's feathers, a short grey jacket and purple velvet skirt. She looked extremely pale, and during her entire conversation with Spies her handkerchief was frequently and hastily passed across her eyes. When the time was up for her to go she lingered, keeping her eyes on him all the time he was making his way to his cell, and then, as he was entering it, she shouted up to "August, will I bring you any books!" replied: "Yes, I will take some books,

and you may bring me some foolscap paper. Then he vanished within his cell proxy wife sadly and slowly left the jail. bowing and sadly smiling to the turnkeys as she passed out.

But perhaps the person among all the vis-

thors who felt the situation most keenly was old Mrs. Schnaubelt, Schwab's mother-in-law. After talking to her daughter's hus-band for some time her feelings completely overcame her and she retired to the outer jail office, where she occupied a chair by the win-dow and tried to hide the outbreak of her feelings in the attention and caresses she heaped upon her two grandchildren. From Captain Shaack, of the Chicago ave-

nue police station, it was learned that insid the jail he had two companies of twenty-five policemen each, day and night, every man of them well drilled and armed with rifles, bayonets and heavy calibre revolvers. Outside the jail he has one company of twenty five men armee in the usual way. iteen men at the waterworks, well armed with revolvers, also several companies in reand Western avenue stations. e at the Chicago avenue, Larrabee street

"Within what time could you concentrate any large body of men at the jail!" Shanck

At fifteen minutes notice we could bring 600 men with muskets to the jail." "Have you fixed all these precautionary measures because you have discovered some reason to apprehend a riot, or danger?" "Well, you see these things come like thunder clouds. You never know when the lightning may break forth, and should shut

up your house in time."
"Have you heard anything more about householders flying from the neighborhood?"
"No, that was all nonsence. Every newcomer, however, is accurately measured by

our detectives, with whom the neighborhood swarms. They have canvassed all the houses within several blocks of the jail in all direc-"Are you in possession of any well founded

"I have heard stories that I believe to be well founded, some of which I discovered, upon searching investigation, to be baseless. Some threats, however, I know to have been made."
"How do you come by the knowledge?"
"From my spies."
"Who threatened anything?"

"Well, I will say that the men who made the threats are such men as might do harm." "Then you think that no considerable body of persons can assemble anywhere near with-out your being easily able to disperse them?"
"I mean to say that if anything so rash as a rescue or riot is attempted all their plans would be knocked endwise at the first move. and should such a thing be persisted in, more dead bodies will strew the ground than ever fell in the Haymarket. They would simply

be knocked to pieces."
"Then none of these conspirators can possibly outwit you?"
"They must be devilish good ones if they do. I don't see how they can. We are making all the improvements human foresight can suggest, as information is gathered. The mayor is consulted every day by Colonel Ebersold and steps are taken in accordance with the consultation."

Mrs. Parsons caused quite an excitement

utes she was surrounded by a crowd of men and boys, who blocked the sidewalk for fifty and boys, who blocked the sidewalk for fifty feet in each direction from where she stood and overflowed into the street. An officer soon appeared, and when he saw the gathering, telephoned to headquarters for instructions. His orders in reply were not to arrest Mrs. Parsons unless she did or said something that would be a breach of the law, but to allow no crowds to congregate on the streets, and to prevent her from obstructing the sidewalk by selling books or in any other way. He then told Mrs. Parsons she would have to move, as she was the cause of the crowd, which he could not disperse so long as she rewhich he could not disperse so long as she re-mained there. She went up to the office of the Western Newsman, where Editor Devine advised her to go to the postoffice square and establish herself on the government property, where the city authorities had no con-trol. She took his advice and went up Clark street, followed by a throng that numbered hundreds. She crossed the vacant part of the terrace surrounding the postoffice, and, standing near the scaffolding at the north-west corner of the building, resumed busi-ness. Within five minutes the crowd filled ness. Within five minutes the crowd filled that part of the government square and blocked up Clark street. Again the policeman ordered the crowd to disperse, but without avail. He then told Mrs. Parsons she would avail. have to move on. She replied that she had permission from headquarters to sell the book, but he was inexorable and told her if she did not move he would have to lock her up. This threat settled it, and she started for Devine's office, followed again by the mob that by this time was thousands. She went upstairs, while the crowd stood in the street in front of the building and now and then a weak cheer would be attempted, but During Mrs. Parsons' brief career as a street

vender she was quite a success, having sold 800 copies of the book and could have sold many more if she could have handled the many more if she could have handled the money fast enough.

At the jail this morning a long conference was held between Captain Black, L. S. Oliver, of the Amnesty association, and the seven condemned men. After the conclusion of the conference Captain Black refused to make public the matter under discussion. He said he expected to leave for Springfield with the petition for amnesty Monday night. To the inquiry whether he hoped for elemency he replied: "I am always a hopeful man. I "I am always a hopeful man. will hope until there is no longer any ground for it."

It has been suggested by several attorneys that the defense, for the purpose of delay, if nothing else, could apply for a writ of luna-tico inquirendo to determine the mental con-dition of the condemned men. Captain Black said of this: "It might be done, but those brave fellows would never consent to it. I

wouldn't give it a second thought. Late this afternoon several socialists who have been prominent in the endeavor to secure leniency for the condemned men visited the jail and had a long conference with Spies, at the end of which he signed some paper which they had brought. He seemed reluc-tant and only signed after much persuasion. It has not yet been learned what the nature

Three Anarchists Ask For Mercy. CHICAGO, Nov. 3.-August Spies, Samue Fielden and Michael Schwab signed a petition this afternoon humbly begging the governor to commute their sentences. These three have not written letters to the gov ernor that they would not accept commutation. The signatures of Fielden and Schwat were secured by Captain Black and L. S. Oliver in the morning conference, but Spies was obdurate at that time and would not sign the paper. Late this afternoon, however, he was called on by Dr. Schmidt, ex-Alderman Frank Stauber and George Schil-ling, who labored with him until his signature was secured. The other four nothing could be done with, but a committee of friends will call on them again to-morrow and endeavor to induce them to reconsider their determination not to ask for mercy.

An Arbeiter Zeitung Editorial. CHICAGO, Nov. 3 .- The Arbeiter Zeitung the organ of the anarchists, has a long ediorial in to-day's issue on the action of the supreme court, in which it says: "For a hundred years the United States enjoyed the reputation of being a free country, and up to a short time ago such a reputation was most justifiable. But lately a few possessors of the collateral riches produced by the common people, usurped a criminal power to pervert and misinterpret the laws created by the fathers of this republic in good faith and a progressive spirit. They splatter with mud the name of the republic. Justice, which is being distributed under the auspices of Jay Gould, Vanderbilt et al wears not only a bandage over her eyes but also a not only a bandage over her eyes, but also watchword on her breast, which reads: public be dumned." The editorial further accuses the justices of having been led merely by the desire of setting a horrible ex ample to the working classes to keep them easier in submission. It warns the justices that he who sows the wind must reap the whirlwind, and adds: "Our comrades will seal with their blood the truth that liberty and justice can hardly raise their heads in this country."

Couldn't Hire a Hall. CHICAGO, Nov. 3 .- Chairman Oliver, of the Amnesty association, wore out his patience and a good horse to-day in an unavailing effort to secure a hall for Saturday night's mass meeting. No owners of places of public assemblage can be prevailed upon to rent for even one night for the purpose.

Three Different Petitions.

CHICAGO, Nov. 3 .- The objects of the visits of Messrs. Slater and Lloyd to the anarchists Wednesday developed to-day by the circulation of three different petitions among citizens asking the governor to save the an-archists. The first of these contained the names of all the seven men and was signed during the day by Judge Tully, Judge Booth, Alderman Manierre and others. The second petition does not contain the names of Engel, Fischer and Lingg. The last one has only the names of Fielden and Schwab on it, these being singled out as the men most likely to

Yells of Despair. NEW YORK, Nov. 3 .- [Special Telegram to the BER.]-The anarchists in this city heard with dismay the report from Washington, that the supreme court had refused to grant a writ of "ror in the case of the condemned men at Ch 'ago. Many of the conservative socialists and labor leaders who have heretofore been mild in their expressions have been suddenly turned into rampant anarchists, and it will require the 'strongest exertion of reason to keep them from committing acts that will make them liable to punishment. Johann Most said: "I feel like going away Johann Most said: "I feel like going away in some wilderness, where I never more will see a human face. There are only beasts in the world. Nevermore will I say that there are good men in the world." Justus Schwab was fearful of the violence that would follow the execution of the condemned. "I believe," he said, "that guerrilla warfare will be carried on. For every one of the seven men hanged, there will be seven capitalists killed."

Minister McLane and the Anarchists. Paris, Nov. 3 .- Mr. McLane, United States minister, in a letter acknowledging the re ceipt of a communication from Beroded, president of the extreme left in the chamber of deputies, to the governor of Illinois, praying for elemency for the condemned Chicago anfor ciemency for the condemned Cheago an-archists, says: "I have already informed you that the death penalty in the United States is limited to common law crimes and that it is never exercised for political offenses. While feeling that it is necessary to point to this distinction. I do not healtate to say that I am interested in any step to spare human life. I have cabled to the governor of Illinois calling attentio to your dispatch.'

Ingersoll Denies.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3 .- Colonel R. G. Ingersoll denied to-night the statement that he on Clark street about 1 o'clock to day. At that time she stood on the raised cellar grating in front of the building in which is the office of the Western Newsman and officed for sale copies of General Trumbull's pambilet, "Was It a Fair Trial!" In a few minwould intercede with the governor of Illinois

SPOTTED FOR DESTRUCTION.

The Supreme Court's Head Receives an Infernal Machine.

ITS CONTENTS NOT MADE PUBLIC

General Harrison Considers the Prospects Very Slim For Dakota's Admission to Statehood-National Capital News.

Waite's Scalp Wanted. WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—[Special Telegram to the Bee.]—Chief Justice Waite has been spotted for destruction by the sympathizers of Chicago's condemned anarchists and an effort was made this evening to destroy him. Shortly after 6 o'clock, while the chief justice was at dinner, a special messenger from the city postoffice delivered to him a box containing what is supposed to be an infernal machine. The box was about 8 inches long, 4 inches wide and 2 inches deep. It weighed less than a pound, was wrapped in brown paper and had a special delivery stamp upon it. The box was received and receipted for by a servant and it was sometime after dinner before it was placed in the hands of the chief justice. He took it to his library and was on the point of opening it when he discovered its character. To your correspondent Justice Waite said to-night that he had received a suspicious package, but he refused to state its contents or whether it was of explosives or intended to take his life. He did not want to talk about it. One of the clerks at the postoffice says that a package was delivered to him as described, but knows nothing

the police officers are remarkably mysterious and reticent. It is not known that any of the condemned have friends here or that any have been here while the case was pending before the supreme court.

of its contents and has no idea from whom it

came. No special delivery stamps were sold

at the postoffice for some time before the

hour when the package was deposited in the

delivery box. Nothing can be ascertained

from the police and Justice Waite would not say whether he had reported the matter and

No Hope For Dakota. Washington, Nov. 3 .- [Special Telegram to the BEE.]-General Harrison, of Indiana, who was chairman of the committee on territories in the last senate, is in the city. He was asked by your correspondent to-day what he thought of the prospect of the admission of Dakota into the union at the coming session of congress. The senator replied: "I don't think that there is any prospect for the admission of any of the territories before the presidential election. Montana has, I think, a population sufficient to warrant her admission, and there can be no doubt of the right of the people of Washington territory to ask to be admitted, but the democrats in the house are determined to control the government at any cost, and they will not consent to the admission of any new territory which might by any probability cast an electoral vote for the republican ticket. It is another indication of the damnable method employed by the party now in power to maintain control of the government by the sup-pression of the colored vote in the south and the Gorman method in Maryland. They are enabled to keep things in their own hands, and it is probable that they will con-

tinue to do so as long as they can. "Do you not think if the enabling acts were prepared, which should provide for the admission after the presidential election, there might be a chance of favorable ac-

"It is barely possible. But still I think that there is little hope for even that. Previous to the election of 1884 I prepared a bill for the admission of Dakota with a proviso that the constitutional convention should not be held until after the elections of that year. I hoped that the provisions would serve to set at rest opposition which might be raised to immediate admission, but it was in vain. The democrats would not consent to admis sion on any terms, and I don't think that the prospects are very much better now. No, I don't see that there is any chance for Dakota at present, although it is, of course, possible there may be some change for the better in the outlook before the close of the Fiftieth congress.'

Nebraska and Iowa Pensions. Washington, Nov. 3 .- [Special Telegram o the BEE.]-The following Nebraska pensions were granted to-day: Louisa, widow of John C. Enslow, Alexander; Eliza, mother of Charles W. Clute, Arapahoe. Increase: George W. Doll, Valentine; Thomas Daily, Omaha; Almon W. Ensign, Lincoln.

Iowa pensions: Hannah Pickler, mother of Dickerson French, Postville; Ruth, nother of Joseph M. Camp, New Sha-ron. Mexican war: Alexander Falconer, Communia. Original: Henry Muchmore, Osceola: Daniel W. Rettegrew, Seymour; John Kuntz, Dubuque; Lewis B. Decker, Underwood; Francis M. Mackey, Cedar Rap-ids: Josiph Young, Albia: Filiab C. Swift. ids; Josiah Young, Albia; Elijah C. Smith, Greenfield. Increase: Nelson W. Winters, Sigourney; Oliver P. Burnett, Allerton; Charles E. Wilkins, Des Moines; Woodson Wallace, Ottumwa: Zadok C. Delashmutt, Oskaloosa; Isaac R. Gaddis, Bonaparte.

Bland On the Telegraph.

Washington, Nov. 3 .- [Special Telegram to the BEE. |-Representative Bland of Missouri to-day, in speaking of the recent developments in telegraph matters, said: "1 suppose the matter will receive considerable at tention from Congress. I don't see much difference between the government controlling the telegraph and carrying the mails. Something must be done to break down the present monopoly. The most important ques-tion that will be before us this congress will be the tariff."

"Would Mr. Cleveland's chances of renom-ination be impaired by a democratic defeat in New York this fall!" Mr. Bland was asked. "I don't see why they should. There is one thing certain-if New York wants to name their candidate she must take Cleve-land, otherwise a western man will be nom-inated. But I don't care to express my opinion as to who the man would be.'

Washington Laborers and Anarchists. Washington, Nov. 3 .- [Special Telegram to the BEE.]-Since the labor parade last night, in which were over 3,000 mechanics much comment has been made by that class upon the decision of the supreme court in the anarchists' case. Laboring men at the naional capital express no sympathy with the condemned men and are putting forth efforts to have it known. They are, however, of the belief that Governor Oglesby ought to commute the sentence of those who have not pro-mute the sentence of those who have not protested against having their sentences com-muted and it is likely they will join in a pe-tition to that effect. There is a stronger feeling among the laboring men here than proba-bly any other place against anarchy, although the strike and boycott is a popular and fre

Coast Defenses.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3 .- Brigadier General Benet, chief of ordnance, in his annual report to the secretary of war, says: The total expenditures for the fiscal year were \$1,598,000. It is believed to be a vital interest of the whole country that such liberal appropriation be made by congress from year to year, until our present destitution as to modern be relieved, as shall furguns be relieved, as shall fur-nish substantial encouragement and aid that our steel industry demands. As a step in this direction I have asked in my annual

estimate for an appropriation of \$1,500,000 for the procurement of forging for eight and ten inch guns. Heavy cannon are a necessity and must be provided, and our unprotected coasts demand that they be provided for

Pension Appeals.
Washington, Nov. 8.—Hawkins, assistant secretary of the interior, having charge of the board of pension appeals, in his report gives the following summary of the opera tions of the board from July 1, 1886, to Notions of the board from July 1, 1886, to November 1, 1887: Appeals pending July 1, 1886, 3,206; appeals filed since, 2,953; total cases disposed of, 5,289: appeals decided by board wherein the decision of the pension office was sustained, 3,729; reversed, 236; appeals wherein action was reconsidered by pension office and pensions allowed on notice that appeal had been taken, 1,131; appeals withdrawn, 34; appeals dismissed, 159; appeals pending November 1, 1887, 930.

Army News. Washington, Nov. 3.—[Special Telegram to the Bgg.]—Chaplain Ornill J. Nave has

been transferred from the Department of Texas to Omaha: Second Lieutenant William D. Wright, signal corps, from Woodshool to Lynn, Mass.; Colonel Henry L. Abbott, engineer corps, from New York to Newport. Corporal Austin Grady, Fourth artillery, has been placed on the retred list. Colonel Will-iam P. Carlin, Fourth infantry, has been Tariff and Revenue Reformers. Washington, Nov. 3 .- [Special Telegram to the BEE. |-General Browne, of Indiana,

one of the oldest and most influential mem bers of the house committee on ways and means, says a sufficient number of republicans will join the tariff and internal reformers at the session this winter to abolish the tax on tobacco and sugar. He does not believe that anything like a general revision of the tariff is possible, or that the tax on whisky and distillations generally can be effected by any stateon.

fected by any strategy.

Personal Gossip. WASHINGTON, Nov. 3 .- [Special Telegram to the BEE.]-C. B. Soutter and Mrs. George Thompson and maid, of Cedar Rapids, Ia. are here. Mrs. Cleveland now takes regular afternoon drives in her own one-horse turnout, handling the reins herself, and the strangers who desire to see the first lady of the land are beginning to congregate on the line of her airing and are giving her encour-agement in her enterprise.

Postal Changes. WASHINGTON, Nov. 8 .- [Special Telegram to the BEE. |-Peter Cockrell was to-day appointed postmaster at South Chaha Douglas county, vice W. G. Stone, resigned.

Weilep in Office. Washington, Nov. 8.—The president to-day appointed Edward C. Weilep, of Kansas, United States consul at Sonneberg, Ger-

A Stable For Sale. WASHINGTON, Nov. 8 .- Congressman W. L. Scott has decided to retire from the turf and sell his racing stable

THE CHOLERA SCOURGE.

Advisability of Asking Government Aid Being Considered. New York, Nov. 3.—President Bayles, of the board of health, wrote to-day in reletion to the cholera ships to Mayor Hewitt as to the advisability of requesting the national government to send the vessel back. He says: "So far as the vessels now in port are concerned there seems to be no occasion for an appeal by the mayor to the federal government to order their removal. The Alesia has already sailed and the Brittania is at present said to be free from disease. In the case of the Burgundia, which, I understand, is nearing this port with a full cargo and passenger list from infected Mediterranean ports, it is probably too late for any effective action whether or any effective action whether or not cholera may be found on board." In the latter case Mr. Boyles says it would be an act of inhumanity to compel the return of her passengers. He says if the federal government can in any way interfere to check immigration from parts infected with coutagious diseases it should be able to do so. Health Officer William Smith gives the following summary of facts in regard to cholera among the passengers of the steamships Alesia and Brittania; "The Alesia had six deaths from cholera on an average—four pas-sengers and two of the crew. There has been in all among the Alesia's passengers thirty-five cases of cholera, nineteen of which

commissioners of quarantine have done and are doing everything possible for the safety Sale of the New York Graphic. NGW YORK, Nov. 3 .- Negotiations for the saic of the New York Graphic have been concluded, and a syndicate of wealthy capitalists in New York and Philadelphia has finally secured control of the paper. This arrangement will keep the Graphic an inde-pendent democratic journal and a friend of the national and state administrations. the national and state administrations.
Major Hinkley, former proprietor, retains a majority share of the stock. Edward Graff has been selected as president of the new organization and Mr. E. C. Brown will be general manager. Colonel Frank A. Burr, of the Philadelphia Times, will be the editor.

proved fatal. There have been wo deaths

from other causes. On the Brittania there have been only four cases since her arrival." Dr. Smith added: "The health officer and

Discharging Conductors. St. Joseph, Mo., Nov. 3 .- [Special Tele gram to the BEE.]-The Kansas City, St. Joseph & Council Bluffs railroad company has began the discharge of its passenger con ductors. Yesterday three-Jack Hewitt, Ed Kennedy and Al Hunt-received notice to quit and others are expecting word to that effect to-day. Kennedy has been with the road for twenty years and Hunt and Hewitt over ten years each. No reason is assigned for this dismissal. A number of the old con-ductors have signified their intention of re-signing before the blow comes. The management declines to make any statement of

St. Joe's Cable Road. St. Joseph, Mo., Nov. 3.—[Special Telegram to the Bee.]—F. L. Lerned, of Plainfield, N. J., who has the contract for building the Wyatt Park Cable road, arrived in St. Joseph yesterday and filed his bond with the company for the completion of the work within nine months. At a meeting of the directors this afternoon the capitol stock was increased to \$500,000. Mr. Lerned stated this afternoon that the road would be completed by March 1, 1888. The cost of the road will be \$68,000 a mile, and it is four and a half

Reported Escape of Crows. BISMARCK, Dak., Nov 3.—It is reported that 200 Crow Indians who escaped from the soldiers near Custer are now on the war-path and that the soldiers in Montana are preparing as best they can for defense. Sitting Bull is at Standing Rock with over 6,000 Sloux and is said to be in league with the Crows. People are anxious that Fort Lincoln, five miles south of here, be given more troops.

Hattie Woolstein Held.

Los Angeles, Cal., Nov. 3 .- The preliminary examination of Hattie Woolstein, who formerly lived near Peoria, Ill., and who is charged with murdering Dr. Harlan, a dentist and sporting man, and afterwards burn-ing the body, closed to-day and the giri was held to await the action of the grand jury.

Passed the Bill. CONCORD, N. H. Nov. 8.-The house this afternoon passed the senate bill authorizing the Boston & Maine railroad to purchase the property and franchises of the Eastern rail-road company in New Hamphshire.

THE CHARITON GRAVE ROBBER

Young Dr. Gillespie Indicted By the Grand Jury.

DAMAGING EVIDENCE.

How the Body Was Stolen-A Hackman Tells His Story-Miscegenation at Mason City-Ft. Madison Convicts Escape.

Looks Dark For the Doctor. T DES MOINES, Ia., Nov. 3.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—The grand jury at Chariton has just indicted Dr. J. A. Gillespie for grave robbery and bound him over to the district court.

Public interest in the shocking case is increasing both there and here. A confirmatory circumstance occurred to-day when the hackman called at the baggage rooms of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy road and presented the check for the box in which the corpse was packed. He had been after the piece of baggage several times before, but the officials had put him off till now. Acting under advice they took his check and found it corresponded to the one on the box. The hackman says that he was at the train as usual when it arrived last Monday morning and the check was given to him by a stranger who told him to deliver the baggage for which it called at the foot of a stairway on East Sixth street. The stairway leads up to the physician's office in which young Gillespie is studying., The facts as they appear now show that last Sunday this young Doctor J. A. Gillespie, who had formerly-lived in Charitan went to a livery there, and hired a team saying he wished to go into the country to see his folks. He was gone but a short time and returned saying that he met his folks and did not go as far as he intended. So after he had bought his ticket to Des Moines and checked as his baggage this small box, 16x22 inches, and left immediately for Des Moines, reaching here about 4 o'clock Monday morning. When the box reached this city the baggage agent was attracted by the peculiar odor that came from it, and prying it open made the horrible discovery that it contained a human body doubled up and jammed into the small space. Inquiry at Chariton showed that the person checking the box was young Gillespie and he was at once arrested and taken to Chariton where he waived preliminary examination and was taken at once before the grand jury which is now in session. When the news first reached Chariton public indignation ran so high that the officers did not dare take their prisoner into town by the usual way, but stopped the train in the outskirts of the suburbs and drove the rest of the way to the

Almost the entire population seemed to be at the depot, and could the crowd have gotten hold of Gillespie then he would probably never have had any other trial than that accorded by Judge Lynch, but with time for reflection and investigation, another side of the matter come out, which has changed the direction of public sentiment. The woman in the box was identified as Mrr. Jessie Cor-bett, who had died about a week before. The hotel keeper at Chariton says that last Friday night Gillespie and Mr. Corbett occupied a room together and in the morning Gillespie peld the bill for the two. From this an in credible report is made implicating other par-ties in the deed, and Gillespie's friends are said to have declared at Chariton that he is not to blame for the robbery. It further appears that the cemetery in which the woman was buried was about a mile out of Chariton and the grave some little distance from the road Investigation shows that the woman's cloth ing was thrown back into the coffin and the grave but partially filled, the whole job being done in a bungling manner. A hedge fence was in the way and an opening through it was discovered through which, it is supposed, the body was dragged. This explains the scratches and abrasions upon it. Some other suggestive circumstances also have come to light. Shortly after the corpse was brought to this city articles of incorporation of a new medical college for this city was filed and it is stated that one was filed and it is stated that one of the incorporators was a particular friend of the Gillespies and he himself is supposed to be interred in it. Great interest is felt in the outcome of the case, and the excitement is not lessened by knowledge of the fact that the woman died of typhoid fever, and the transportation by a railroad of a body that had died of a contagious disease, is made a serious offense by the Iowa statutes.

Iowa Dairymen.

MANCHESTER, Ia., Nov. 3 .- In the dairy convention here to-day Colonel Henderson, of Dubuque, spoke on the oleomargarine question, warning the dairymen to be on the alert for the next session of congress. At its conclusion the forenoon was taken up with talks on oleomargarine. Promptly at 2 o'clock the parade started and was witnessed by a very large number of people. Among the features were floats one representing a woolen mill and another a dairy with fifty pretty dairy maids making butter. At the hall Mr. Ward, of Wisconsin. delivered an address on the dairy cow. The state association elected the following officers: state association elected the following officers:
President, L. S. Gates, of Delaware county;
vice president, C. L. Trueblood, Warren
county; treasurer, C. W. Sibley, Marshall;
secretary, R. M. Littler, Scott. The new
officers of the national association are: President, Jonathan Bigelow, of Massachusetts;
first vice president, E. G. Potter, Minnesota;
first vice president, E. G. Potter, Minnesota; secretary, R. M. Littler, Iowa. Each state will select its own vice president hereafter. The national association adopted a resolution to provide for an attorney, also also a com-mittee to oppose the repeal of the oleomargarine law. William P. Quinn, of New York, was chosen as attorney for the association. The butter committee awards are as follows: First on creamery, C. W. Ward & Co., Manchester, Moody Bros., Nashua; second on creamery, H. W. Saline, Manchester, and nine others. First on dairy butter, Mrs. C. W. Lyman, Manchester; A. Wellman, Mason-yille; L. G. Cute, Anamosa; W. P. Patten, Manchester. Second on dairy butter, John Dubois & Bros., of Manchester.

Fort Madison Convicts Escape. FORT MADISON, Ia., Nov. 3.-Yesterday morning at 5 o'clock John McElroy and William Clark, two convicts in the lowa state penitentiary located here, made their escape by means of a rope and a ladder, with which they scaled the high wall. They were night firemen in the electric light boiler room, and the foreman, who is also guard, had stepped out of the room for three minutes. McElroy is from Ottumwa and was filling a two year sentence, with six months yet to run. Clark was from Burlington on a year's sentence and had nine month's to serve.

The House Fell On Him.

Sioux City, Ia., Nov. 3.-[Special Telegram to the BEE.]-This morning John Todd and his force of men were engaged in moving a house from near the corner of Thirteenth and Virginia streets. The house was elevated several feet, being supported by timbers While the men were engaged in putting more blocking under the house the timbers gave way and the building fell. Most of the men got out from under all right, but Mr. Todd was caught by the falling timbers. His left leg was broken below the knee and one of his hips crushed and the other injured.

A Young Farmer Goes Wrong. CLINTON, In., Nov. 3 .- Henry J. Pease, a roung and prominent farmer and stock buyer of Pease Grove and Dewitt, near here, is missing. He recently disposed of his real estate, personal property, etc., and pocketed | placed at over \$200,000.

the money, leaving his creditors in the lurch to the amount of \$20,000. The German Savings' bank, of Davenport, and farmers and women whom he borrowed money of are the heaviest losers. He had the confidence of a great number of people in two counties, with whom he had done business.

A Sheriff's Suit For Libel.

SIOUX CITY, Ia., Nov. 3 .- [Special Telegram to the BEE.]-Papers were served on the proprietors of the Daily Times to.day, making them defendants in a \$5,000 libel suit brought by Sheriff McDonald, who is now running for re-election for a third term. The Times recently published an article making serious charges against McDonald for misdemeanors in office and he feels himself injured to the extent of \$5,000. It is doubtful whether the case will ever be brought to trial.

A Move For a Testimonial. Sioux City, Ia., Nov. 3 .- [Special Telegram to the BEE.]-A movement has been inaugurated here to get up a public testimo-

nial for the men who were instrumental in getting up and carrying through to comple-tion the recent corn palace. Eloped With a Colored Jockey. Mason City, Ia., Nov. 3 .- Thomas Jefferon, a colored jockey in this city, and Miss Martha Farrier, a young white woman of respectable parentage, have eloped. They bought tickets for Minneapolis. The affair has created a sensation. The girl's parents say they will do nothing.

Sloux City's Increased Registration. SIOUX CITY, Ia., Nov. 3 .- [Special Telegram to the Bre.]—The total registration this year is 3,337, or nearly 1,000 more than ast year.

On to Omaha. LOGAN, Ia., Nov. 3.—[Special to the Ber.]
-The surveyors for the Duluth & St. Paul railroad arrived at this place shortly after noon yesterday, on their way to Omaha. They expect to reach Omaha by Saturday

UNION PACIFIC KNIGHTS.

They Elect Officers and Denounce the Buchanan Clique.

DENVER, Colo., Nov. 3.- [Special Telegram o the BEE.]-The annual session of district ssembly No. 82, K. of. L., Union Pacific employes, closed to-night. The following officers were elected: District master workman, Thomas Neasham, of Denver; worthy foreman, George C. Miller, of Ellis, Kan.; recording secretary, J. M. Corbin, of Denver; financial secretary, W. L. Carroll, of Denver; treasurer, W. H. Lynch. of Denver: statis-tician, Joseph Granger of Cheyenne. The assembly adopted the following resolution

without dissent:

Whereas, Certain persons claiming to be members of the order of the Knights of Labor and believing in its principles, have, during the past year, attempted to bring the order into disrepute and have assailed the character of the general officers of the order;

Whereas, The general assembly of the order in session at Minneapolis the past month has denounced these men and placed our order on record as true to its principles;

Whereas, This element, who were disap-pointed in not being able to drag the order into their mire, have announced that they have a be order; therefore, be it would second from the order; therefore, be it Resolved, That we view with pleasure the indications that we will not longer be cursed by them and that we endorse the full action of the general assembly.

A GIGANTIC STRIKE.

Ten Thousand Plantation Laborers Walk Out. NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 3 .- At the present time over ten thousand negro laborers are on strikes. The white men working on the sugar plantations, holding that the demand was uniusi, refused to join them. As the negroes are in a large majority everywhere throughout the sugar district, and as they are de-termined neither to work themselves at the present prices nor allow others to work further trouble is looked for. Planters are letermined to introduce new labor, and for this purpose a large number of warrants have been issued. Several companies of state militia, aggregating probably six hundred men, are under arms at the principal points throughout the district, and will go to the assistance of the sheriff's officers if they are resisted when serving warrants. The eviction will begin to-day.

ZEVANSVILLE, Ind., Nov. 3.—William Cald-

well, grocer, assigned to-day. Liabilities estimated at \$75,000. JEANNETTE, La., Nov. 3.—The labor trou oles here are beginning to present a brighter aspect. From all appearances a satisfactory understanding between the planters and laberers will speedily be reached.

Barnum's Tribute to Jenny Lind. New York, Nov. 3 .- [Special Telegram to the Brr.]-P. T. Barnum sent the following cable to Otto Goldschmidt, Jenny Lind's husband: "I who knew the peerless Jenny Lind in private life, as well as in public, as a voman and an artiste, appreciate the greatness of your loss. Accept the sympathy of your old friend."

Barnum says: "Jenny Lind gave ninetyfive concerts while in this country. The aggregate receipts were \$712,460.85, averaging \$7,496.43 each, the net receipts amounted to \$176,675. Of her half of the receipts of the first two concerts, she devoted \$10,000 to charity in New York. She afterward gave charity concerts in various cities."

Yellow Fever Bulletin. JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Nov. 3.-There were seven new cases of fewer at Tampa and two leaths during the twenty-four hours ended

last night. There is no yellow fever in the state outside of Tampa.

Washingron, Nov. 3.—Surgeen-General Hamilton received a telegram to-day from Tampa saying that owing to the "norther" which prevailed for several days the back-bone of the epidemic is now broken. There were seven new cases and three deaths since

Kansas City's Ball Players. Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 3.—[Special Telegram to the Ber.]—The Kansas City Base Ball association has signed the following players: Catchers, Reynolds, Gunson and Wells; pitchers, Conway, Swartzel and Mc Carty; first base, Cartwright; second base, Ardner; short stop, Manning; third base, Johnson; right field Hasamæar. Wells is from New Orleans, Cartwright from the Southern league, and the rest were in the defunct Western league.

The Northern Pacific.

New Year, Nov. 3 .- At a special meeting of the preferred stockholders of the Northern Pacific railfoad the proposition of the management to remove the restriction against issuing new bonds was accepted, and the di-rectors were authorized to issue new bonds, not exceeding \$12,000,000, bearing interest of not more than 6 per cent per annum.

Survivors of a Wreck.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3 .- The old Dominion steamer Wyanoke, which arrived here fast evening, had on board four survivors of the schooner E. B. Everson, which left Wee-hawken Saturday last bound for Righmond, Va., and which was wrecked.

Belted to Death. Detroit, Nov. 3 .- L. D. Ross, foreman in the Acme white lead works, was caught in a belt this morning, and before the machinery could be stopped he was a mass of broken bones.

HAMILTON, Ont., Nov. 3 .- John Harney and J. B. McQueston, proprietors of the Hespelor woolen millis, made an assignment for the benefit of creditors. Liabilities are

COLORADO TRAIN ROBBERS.

A Rio Grande Express Held Up Near Grand Junction.

OBSTRUCTIONS ON THE TRACK

Five Masked Men Rifle the Mail Can But Fail to Get Anything From the Express Company's Safe.

Another Train Held Up.

Gunnison, Colo., Nov. 3.—[Special Telegram to the Ber.]—The east-bound Denver & Rio Grande train was held up by masked robbers at 3:45 this morning five miles east of Grand Junction. At the point where the robbery occurred the road runs along the Gunnison river and a steep bank rises some 200 feet above. As the train ran under the bluff Engineer Maloy discovered obstructions ahead and whistled brakes. As he slowed up he saw five men on the track, and before he could determine what was up the command. "Get down out of there!" opened his eyes as to the situation. Under the inspiring influence of a "gun" he and Fireman Slessinger lost no time in stepping out of the cab and were stood with hands up under the bank. The next move of the robbers was to place a man on the opposite side of the mail and express car, while the two remaining commenced pounds ing on the mail car door demanding admission. Mail Agent Grubb, who had dropped asleep after leaving Grand Junction, suppost ing the train was at a station, jumped up and opened the door. He was confronted with the guns of the robbers, who demanded that he throw up his hands, which he did and was escorted to where the engineer and fireman were standing. The robbers then returned to the car and rifled seventy-three registered letters and packages and moved on the express car. Messenger Williams, who had been aroused, had blown out the light and barred both doors. To their demands to "open the door," he replied: "Go around to the other side. The trunks are piled up on

this side." "Move the trunks, and be quick about it," they replied.

Pretending to comply he went to rolling boxes and trunks around the car, all the time trying to get sight of the fellows to see time trying to get sight of the follows to see how many there were, and the chance of suc-cessful defense. Not being able in the dark-ness to determine the number, and knowing there was no express matter of value which they could get, be concluded to open the door. After doing so the robbers jumped in and ordered him to open the safe. He told them he could not do that as he did not know the combination. Not believing him they them he could not do that as he did not know the combination. Not believing him they put a revolver to his head and gave him the ultimatum of opening the safe in two minutes or die. He told them that the safe was a strong one and the combination known only to the agents at the main office. The fellow with the revolver at the head of the messenger wanted to shoot, but his accomplice prevented him. They then bis accomplies prevented him. They then discussed blowing open the safe, which in fact contained a large amount of money, but concluded it would take too long and would life the con-

lift the car.

They then discussed the advisability of going through the passenger cars, but con-cluded not to do so, fearing resistance from the passengers, some of whom had started to-wards the front end of the train to ascertain the cause of the delay. These were turned back by several shots from the robbers. The express messenger and mall agent were then ordered into cars, and taking the engineer and fireman to the engine, the robbers them, selves removed the obstruction from the track, bade good night to Maloy and Slessinger, and struck out into the mountains. The train then resumed the journey east, after a delay of something over an hour.

When the train stopped, Conductor Cookstarted a brakeman back to Grand Junction

to give the alarm, and on arriving at Bridgeport he wired the news both ways. Officers are in pursuit of the robbers. The amount of money taken from the mail is not known. THE DEAD LECHER.

His Slayer Held For Trial Without Bail-Other Amours. Douglas, Wyo., Nov. 3 .- [Special Telegram to the BEE.]-Harry C. King, who shot J. H. Bowman, the seducer of his wife in this city Tuesday night, was given a preliminary hearing this afternoon and held without bail. His parents, who live at Morrison, Ill., and who are wealthy, have wired that they will assist him. Bowman's body is still in the hands of the coroner waiting instructions from his relatives. An examination made of Bowman's personal effects this afternoon reveals the fact that the wife of the man who shot him is not the only victim of his lust. Bowman was a handsome fellow and letters from several women were found in his trunk which show him to have been an unscrupulous and very successful libertine. Among them are a number from a young lady teacher in a Sunday school, and evidently in high standing in society and of more than average culture and education. These, however, neither bear signature nor address. In one of them, dated October 10, she promises to meet him in Omaha if practicable. When Bowman came in from the oil country on Tuesday he was on his way to Pennsylvania to see his wife and children. He intended, probably, to meet the girl at the point named, But King's bullet prevented

Steamship Arrivals.

Boston, Nov. 3 .- Special Telegram to the BEE.]-Arrived-The Norseman, from

Liverpool. SOUTHAMPTON, Nov. 3. - Arrived-The Saale, from New York for Bremen. NEW YORK, Nov. 3 .- Arrived-The Penn and, from Antwerp. LONDON, Nov. 3.—Arrived—The Lydian Monarch, from New York for Liverpools the Nova Scotian, from Baltimore QUEENSTOWN, Nov. 3.—Arrived—The Adri-

tic and Nevada, from New York. A Club House Scorched.

CHICAGO, Nov. 3 .- A fire this morning at 4 o'clock was discovered in the Chicago club on Monroe street, opposite the Palmer house. The fire started on the fifth floor in the kitchen, from a defective flue. It is supposed. the loss is \$25,000, which will cover the damage. About a dozen women employed in the club saved their lives by exit from the fifth floor to the roof to the adjoining buildings. The fire for some time caused a panic in the Clifton and Palmer houses near by.

Suits Against Insurance Companies. CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—Attorney General Hunt filed papers against the Mutual fire association, the Canton Mutual fire insurance association, the Manufacturers Mu-tual fire insurance company, and the Lumberman's Mutual fire insurance company in sums ranging from \$1,000 to

charters. Narrow Escape For the Navy. NEWPORT, R. I., Nov. 3 .- Seven or cight

naval officers narrowly escaped death this afternoon by the premature bursting of a spar torpedo which was being run out from a boat. The boat was badly shattered and two men severely wovnded.

No Trace of the Tug.

MINNEAPOLIS, Nov. 3 .- There is no trace of the steam tug Dryberry, which plied upon Lake of the Woods, and it is reasonably cer-tain she was lost in the recent storm with all the crew and passengers.