

IS CERTAIN TO FALL

RUSSIAN REFUGEE FROM PORT ARTHUR SAYS JAPS WILL CAPTURE STRONGHOLD.

MAY NOT OCCUR FOR TWO MONTHS

CASUALTIES LESSEN GARRISON BUT BESIEGERS ARE CONSTANTLY REINFORCED.

Chetoo, Aug. 8.—"Port Arthur certainly will fall inside of one or two months, depending upon how fast the Japanese move."

This opinion was expressed by an educated Russian who has just arrived here from Port Arthur by junk. He occupied an important semi-official position at Port Arthur and his views are regarded as valuable. He says that while the Japanese constantly receive reinforcements, the Russian casualties decrease, as the Russians cannot be reinforced. General Stoessel, commander-in-chief at Port Arthur, is compelled to husband his ammunition. He can manufacture shells, but it is impossible to make proper explosives. The necessity of protecting the men for the final stand explains the retreat of the Russians from the strong outpost positions, where their losses were far less serious than those sustained by the assailants. According to this Russian General Stoessel is in daily communication with General Kuropatkin.

The three days' fighting of last week was done chiefly with artillery.

FIGHTING WAS HEAVY.

Port Arthur Newspaper Describes Recent Three Days' Battle.

Chetoo, Aug. 8.—A newspaper published at Port Arthur gives fragmentary details of the recent heavy fighting there. The Japanese artillery opened a desultory fire on the afternoon of July 25. That night the Russians slept on their arms in the trenches. They occupied a line sixteen miles long. The next morning, July 26, the fog cleared away at 6 o'clock and the Japanese then began to fire along the entire line. This fire was kept up until dark. The Japanese marksmanship was most accurate, showing that they had derived benefit from the practice of the preceding day.

Their heaviest fire was directed against the batteries, which included the 12-inch naval guns commanded by Prince Tschelise and Captain Skrydloff. A perfect shower of shells hit the earthworks or went screeching into the valley behind, doing considerable damage to the artillerymen.

The hottest fighting began at daybreak of July 27. The battle commenced under the rays of a scorching sun. The Russian line was commanded by Major General Kondratenko, who was compelled to undergo the brunt of the terrific cannonading. To this fierce fire the Russians replied with deliberation. The naval battery was again made the target for the heaviest fire and it was evident that the Japanese were trying to silence the most dangerous Russian position. A perfect shower of shrapnel was thrown into the valley behind the Russian batteries. As the day wore on the activity of the

Japanese Fire Increased.

In the meanwhile the Russian infantry, passive witnesses of the artillery duel, lay in their trenches awaiting an attack. They were well protected and but a few shells fell among them.

At 9 o'clock volley firing gave warning that the Japanese assault would follow swiftly. As the Japanese infantry advanced the Japanese artillery fire slackened somewhat, but the Russian batteries replied with increased vigor, while the Russian riflemen volleyed rapidly and with great animation. For an hour the Japanese advanced intrepidly in the face of a fire which is described as a thousand volleys in simultaneous eruption. The Japanese advance against the Russian right wing ceased and the Russians cheered, but at this moment news arrived from General Stoessel, the commander-in-chief at Port Arthur, announcing that the terrific pounding was nothing more than a mask to cover the concentration of Japanese troops preparatory to an attack upon the Russian left wing, of which Wolf's mountain was the key.

At noon the Japanese, who had been attacking, suddenly ceased firing and presently observers, with the aid of field glasses, could see the enemy quietly eating rice. After this the right wing was occasionally reminded of the presence of the Japanese by the descent of a huge shell, but the worst was over. In the meanwhile the main attack, which resulted in the capture of Wolf's mountain, had been developed.

SHIPPING IN DANGER.

Should Not Enter Yinkow Until Mines Are Removed.

Washington, Aug. 8.—Mr. Griscom, the American minister at Tokio, has notified the state department that the commander-in-chief of the Japanese forces in Manchuria deems it necessary that foreign war vessels should neither enter Yinkow nor anchor there in until order has been entirely restored in that region.

This action is made necessary by the fact that the waters of the Lower Liao river adjacent to Yinkow, which is the port of Newchwang, and the approaches thereto were thickly planted with submarine mines by the Russians when in occupation, of which fact notice was duly given to the government of the United States and other maritime nations by the Russian government. As the Japanese have assumed responsibility of foreign shipping in the occupation of Newchwang and Yinkow such shipping will have to wait for entrance until the mines are removed.

EIGHT WADED OUT TO DEATH.

Party of Bathers at Alton, Ill., Perish Hand-in-Hand.

Alton, Ill., Aug. 8.—While bathing in the Mississippi river Michael Riley, his daughter and six of the latter's little girl friends were drowned. One child who was in the party was rescued.

Riley lived near the river in the southern part of the city and was accustomed to bathe on the beach in front of his home after his return from work. His little daughter begged to go with him and Riley took her and seven of her little girl friends to the beach with him.

When they entered the water Riley bade the children join hands and they all waded into the river and walked along a sandbar which stretches out into the stream at that point.

They had gone some distance from shore when suddenly the whole party disappeared beneath the water, having in the darkness stepped from the sandbar into the deep channel.

The children struggled and screamed fighting desperately to reach the sandbar, where the water was only a foot or so in depth. Riley, who is said to have been a good swimmer, is thought to have been made helpless by the girls clinging to him and hampering his efforts to save them.

The only one in the party to regain the sandbar was Mary Timiny, eight years old.

EDUCATED IN UNITED STATES.

One Hundred Young Filipinos to Take Four-Year Course.

Washington, Aug. 8.—The 100 young Filipinos, whose arrival at St. Louis has been reported to the bureau of insular affairs at the war department, will be placed in educational institutions throughout the United States with the opening of the school system this fall and then will go through a four-year course of study. They will spend six weeks at the St. Louis fair.

CONDITIONS STILL IRREGULAR.

Disappointing Reports on Wheat Offer Good Advice on Corn.

New York, Aug. 8.—Bradstreet's weekly review of trade says business and industrial conditions are still irregular and render generalization as to the future difficult. Continued good reports from the corn crop and absolutely brilliant conditions in cotton tend to offset undeniably disappointing reports in the premier cereal, wheat. Dispatches to Bradstreet indicate an appreciable enlargement in the distribution of merchandise at Western points, collections show a slight gain and Southern advices are optimistic. The iron trade, too, is showing improvement, and even bituminous coal is looking up. Other basic industries are not so favorably situated. Anthracite coal production is curtailed and demand is slack, except where stocks need replenishing. Demand for boots and shoes is less than a year ago, but leather is active and higher, owing partly to the effect of the meat strike upon the hide market. A few large stocks are responsible for considerable idleness in different industries. Gross railway earnings indicate a slight loss from July a year ago. Altogether the outlook, while cheerful enough in the main, needs definite assurances of good crops and of settled labor difficulties.

JUDGE GRAY MAY ARBITRATE.

Coal Operators Propose to Submit Controversy to Him.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Aug. 8.—At the meeting of the anthracite board of conciliation held at the request of the miners the operators presented a plan for the settlement of the check weighmen and check docking boss questions, which have caused so much trouble in the upper coal fields. The operators ask that the entire controversy be submitted to Judge George Gray, chairman of the anthracite coal strike commission, his decision to be final and binding. The miners asked until Aug. 12 to consider the proposal.

BRIEF BITS OF NEWS.

The alien labor bill, introduced by Sir William Mulock, has passed the Canadian house of commons.

Gustavus W. Nagle, a noted bridge builder, is dead at Elmira, N. Y. He was born in Germany. During the Civil war he organized and superintended the bridge corps of the United States military railroads department.

Rev. Walter J. Shanley of Hartford, Conn., president of the Catholic Total Abstinence Union of America, announces that he has called the thirty-fourth annual convention of the organization to be held in St. Louis Aug. 10, 11 and 12.

Union men laid off by the Pullman company last week when the working force was decreased have protested to the Chicago Federation of Labor that they will not be re-employed unless they make application for work through the employment bureau of the Chicago Employers' association.

BASEBALL SCORES.

National League.
At Boston, 3; St. Louis, 2.
At Philadelphia, 2; Cincinnati, 5—eleven innings.

Standing of the Clubs—New York, 719; Chicago, 611; Pittsburgh, 591; Cincinnati, 581; St. Louis, 505; Boston, 381; Brooklyn, 352; Philadelphia, 344.

American League.
At Cleveland, 0; New York, 5.
At Detroit, 4; Boston, 3.
At St. Louis, 5; Washington, 4.
At Chicago, 3; Philadelphia, 4.

Standing of the Clubs—Chicago, 613; Boston, 604; New York, 602; Philadelphia, 568; Cleveland, 505; St. Louis, 422; Detroit, 398; Washington, 209.

American Association.
At Indianapolis, 10; St. Paul, 6.
At Louisville, 9; Milwaukee, 2.
At Toledo, 1; Kansas City, 11.
At Columbus, 3; Minneapolis, 2—ten innings. Second game—Columbus, 1; Minneapolis, 1—thirteen innings; called at dark.

Standing of the Clubs—Columbus, 622; St. Paul, 618; Milwaukee, 576; Louisville, 559; Minneapolis, 490; Indianapolis, 466; Kansas City, 367; Toledo, 307.

Run on Bank Continues.

Chicago, Aug. 8.—When the doors of the Drovers' Trust and Savings bank at the stock yards opened in the morning about 150 persons were in line to withdraw deposits. Vice President W. A. Tilden said that he expected there would be withdrawals by the smaller depositors for some time.

To Discuss Campaign Plans.

New York, Aug. 8.—A meeting of the Democratic national executive committee has been called for next Monday morning at the Hoffman House to consider the preliminary steps for the campaign. Headquarters will be selected and the territory over which the different members of the committee will have supervision will be allotted.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Aug. 6.—Wheat—Sept., 98½¢; Dec., 96½¢; 95½¢; May, 96½¢. On track—No. 1 hard, \$1.07½; No. 1 Northern, \$1.04½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.02½.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Aug. 6.—Wheat—To arrive No. 1 Northern, \$1.09½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.05½. On track—No. 1 Northern, \$1.09½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.05½; Sept., 99½¢; Dec., 94½¢. Flax—On track and to arrive, \$1.23½; Sept., \$1.24½; Oct., Nov. and Dec., \$1.24.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Aug. 6.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, \$5.15 to \$5.65; common to fair, \$3.50 to \$4.50; good to choice Western, \$4.00 to \$4.25; good to choice cows and heifers, \$2.90 to \$4.00; veals, \$2.00 to \$4.50. Hogs—\$4.75 to \$5.25. Sheep—Good to choice yearling wethers, \$3.75 to \$4.25; good to choice lambs, \$5.50 to \$7.75.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Aug. 6.—Cattle—Good to prime steers, \$5.25 to \$6.25; poor to medium, \$4.00 to \$5.00; stockers and feeders, \$2.00 to \$4.00; cows, \$1.25 to \$4.00; heifers, \$2.00 to \$4.25; calves, \$2.50 to \$5.50. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, \$5.20 to \$5.50; good to choice heavy, \$5.25 to \$5.50; rough heavy, \$4.80 to \$5.10; light, \$5.25 to \$5.50. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, \$5.75 to \$6.25; Western sheep, \$3.75 to \$4.10; native lambs, \$4.00 to \$4.75; Western, \$5.00 to \$6.00.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Aug. 6.—Wheat—Sept., 97½¢; 97½¢; old, 98½¢; Dec., 96½¢; May, 97½¢. Corn—Aug., 51½¢; Sept., 52½¢; Dec., 48½¢; 48½¢; May, 47½¢. 48¢. Oats—Aug., 32½¢; Sept., 32½¢; Dec., 33½¢; May, 35½¢. Pork—Sept., \$12.42½; Oct., \$12.45; Jan., \$12.67½. Flax—Cash, Northwestern, \$1.24½; Southwestern, \$1.17; Aug., \$1.17; Sept., \$1.17. Butter—Creameries, 13¢; 17¢; dairies, 12¢ to 15¢. Eggs—12¢ to 15¢. Poultry—Turkeys, 10¢ to 11¢; chicken, 11½¢; springs, 12½¢.

WORMS

"I write to let you know how I appreciate your Cascarets. I commenced taking them last November and took two ten cent boxes and passed a tape-worm 14 in. long. Then I commenced taking them again and on Wednesday, April 6th, I passed a tape-worm 28 in. long and over a thousand small worms. Previous to my taking Cascarets I didn't know I had a tape-worm. I always had a small worm." Wm. F. Brown, 184 Franklin St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

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CANDY CATHARTIC
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Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken or Grip, 10c Box. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C.C.G. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.
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A real malt extract, rich in tonic properties and a perfect digestant is
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It contains 14.60 per cent genuine nutritive extract, less than 2 per cent of alcohol—non-intoxicating. Builds flesh, bone, tissue—gives appetite and energy.
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Schlitz Beer is Good for You
The malt is a food; the hops a tonic. The alcohol—only 3½ per cent—is an aid to digestion; a healthful stimulant.
Schlitz Beer is brewed with the extreme of cleanliness—cooled in filtered air—and every bottle is sterilized.
It is one of the best things in the world for you. It does not ferment on the stomach, because it is aged—aged for months in refrigerating rooms before it is marketed.
It gives you beer without biliousness. Ask your doctor what he thinks about drinking Schlitz beer. Ask for the Brewery Bottling.
Phone 100, Fred Kurth, 1006 West Main St., Madison
The Beer That Made Milwaukee Famous

YOUR KIDNEYS ARE THEY WELL?

Unless they are, good health is impossible.

Every drop of blood in the body passes through and is filtered by healthy kidneys every three minutes. Sound kidneys strain out the impurities from the blood, diseased kidneys do not, hence you are sick. FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE makes the kidneys well so they will eliminate the poisons from the blood. It removes the cause of the many diseases resulting from disordered kidneys which have allowed your whole system to become poisoned.

Rheumatism, Bad Blood, Gout, Gravel, Dropsy, Inflammation of the Bladder, Diabetes and Bright's Disease, and many others, are all due to disordered kidneys. A simple test for Kidney disease is to set aside your urine in a bottle or glass for twenty-four hours. If there is a sediment or a cloudy appearance, it indicates that your kidneys are diseased, and unless something is done they become more and more affected until Bright's Disease or Diabetes develops.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE is the only preparation which will positively cure all forms of Kidney and Bladder troubles, and cure you permanently. It is a safe remedy and certain in results.

If You are a sufferer, take FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE at once. It will make you well.

Some Pronounced Incurable

Mr. G. A. Stillson, a merchant of Tampico, Ill., writes: "FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE is meeting with wonderful success. It has cured some cases here that physicians pronounced incurable. I myself am able to testify to its merits. My face today is a living picture of health and FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE has made it such."

Had Lumbago and Kidney Trouble

Edward Huss, a well known business man of Salisbury, Mo., writes: "I wish to say for the benefit of others that I was a sufferer from lumbago and kidney trouble, and all the remedies I took gave me no relief. I began to take FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE, and after the use of three bottles I am cured."

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