

UNAMERICAN EFFORTS HURT BRYAN.

Men of Organized Labor Refuse
to Be Driven to the Polls
as Slaves.

Wage Earners Everywhere Recognize
Taft as Their Friend and
Sympathizer and Ask What Bryan
Has Ever Done for Their Cause.

The effort of Samuel Gompers to pack, seal and deliver the union labor vote to Bryan, the publisher afraid to use the union label, has failed. The influence of Gompers' advice is typified in the following quotation from the Labor World, one of the leading journals of organized labor in the United States:

"By all means let every wage worker in the land use his own judgment in voting, and if he does so, and before voting secures a knowledge of the will of the wage worker of W. J. Bryan and of his associations with such foes of organized labor as Governor Haskell he most certainly will not vote for Bryan."

Writing from Cairo, Ill., to the Labor World, R. L. Finney, organizer for the American Federation of Labor, says:

"You can place old Illinois in the Taft column and add my name to the list of endorsements."

Practical Unionism Demands Taft.

A few days ago James L. Feeney of Philadelphia, president of the Elevator Constructors' National Union, delivered a speech on Bryan and his party in which he made the following important statements:

"I am not here as a Republican, and I am not here as a Democrat, but as a practical union man. It is my duty to uphold the party candidates whom I know and believe to be for the best interests of the cause I advocate. No man can accuse me of turning my back on organized labor. For twenty years I have been active in the movement, and I intend to continue so, and tonight, when I publicly announce my preference for the Republican ticket, I know they have in the past been labor's friend, and I believe will also be labor's best friend in the future."

"I was at one time an advocate of the Democratic party. The Democratic party has been tried by the American people, and it has been found wanting."

Taft's Labor Record.

In the October Steam Shovel and Dredge, official journal of the union, T. J. Dolan, editor of the journal and secretary-treasurer of the organization, has written an editorial commending Mr. Taft's fairness to the members of that union. The editorial says:

"Mr. Taft had direct charge of the construction of the Panama Canal, and in all his official acts and personal relations with members and officers of our brotherhood on that work he always has shown himself fair and just."

"When contractors showed a disposition to disregard or violate the eight-hour law Mr. Taft started prosecutions against these contractors through the United States Attorney General's office. When an effort was made this year to cut wages at Panama Mr. Taft used his influence to prevent it."

"We have the utmost confidence, in case of his election to the presidency, of the continuance of the fair and just policies toward organized labor that prevailed while he was Secretary of War."

Denies Gompers' Right to Dictate.

H. K. Daugherty, a member of the Spanish Treaty Claims Commission, has made public in Washington a letter from James S. Clark, one of the vice-presidents of the United Mine Workers, in which Mr. Clark comes out strongly for Mr. Taft and declares that Gompers has no right to dictate to labor.

Believing that the election of W. H. Taft means more to the wage worker of the United States than the election of William J. Bryan, Edward Hannan, a member of the Central Labor Council of Seattle and a union carpenter in good standing in Seattle Local 131, has declared for Taft and the Republican ticket, and will ask that his friends cast their votes for the Republican candidates.

Appeal for Funds Causes Bitterness.

The action of Gompers in sending a circular letter to the various unions throughout the country appealing for money with which "to help the friends and defeat the enemies of labor"—in other words, to support William Jennings Bryan and oppose William H. Taft for the presidency—is being condemned bitterly by labor men.

James R. Ryan, delegate to the C. P. U. from the Photo Engravers' Union No. 1, said that his union would not contribute a dollar to Gompers' fund. Alfred J. Boulton, leading member of the Stereotypers' Union, said that his union would not take any action on the circular. "I fought for Bryan in 1896," he said, "but I am against him this year."

Albert Abrahams of the Pressmen's Union, asked this question: "What's the use of the laboring men contributing a few thousand dollars to the Democratic party when that party will get hundreds of thousands of dollars, if not millions, from the Standard Oil Company?" Adolph Kriger of Local No. 4 of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, is bitterly opposed to the action of Gompers. Elias Wolf, of the Cigar-makers' Union No. 90, said: "If other unions are fools enough to get money for Bryan my union won't."

Victor Bahr, member of the Amalgamated Painters, said: "The cheapest painters are being employed for contracts given out by the Democratic politicians of this city. The Democratic politicians fill the taxicabs, driven by strike breakers, with police while a lie is being told to the public."

GOETHALS EXONERATED.

Report of Inspector General in Panama Canal Inquiry.

Washington, Oct. 28.—Inspector General Garlington of the army, in a report just made public, exonerates Chairman Goethals of the Isthmian canal commission of the charges made by President Brothers of the Balanced Crane Cable company of New York who claimed that unfair treatment was accorded him in the award for



COLONEL GOETHALS.

furnishing and erecting cable ways at Gatun, on the Isthmus. General Garlington holds that there was no collusion, that the award was made in good faith and recommends that the contract with the Lidgebrook company be proceeded with. The report was approved by the secretary of war. The report says the device of the Brothers company was not suitable for work at the Gatun plant.

INTENSE ACTIVITY IN NEW YORK STATE

Political Speakers Hot on the
Trail of Voters.

New York, Oct. 28.—The political programme was one of intense activity throughout New York city and state. Both presidential candidates are here, hurrying from point to point in the city and nearby towns. Mr. Taft started for the outlying suburbs early in the day, going first to Yonkers and then to a series of cities and towns along the Hudson as far up as Troy. Mr. Bryan devoted himself to Greater New York, beginning at 3 a. m. in City Hall park, then, after a few hours sleep, addressing a Broadway meeting, then going to Brooklyn and Long Island City and later crossing to Jersey City.

Both of the gubernatorial candidates also devoted their attention to New York city. Governor Hughes came down from Albany, speaking en route at Catskill and later he filled engagements here, at Long Island City and several suburban points. Mr. Chanler gave his attention to New York city and Brooklyn.

TALKS TO NIGHT WORKERS

Bryan Makes Speech at Three in the Morning.

New York, Oct. 28.—For the first time in their history at such an hour the gray walls of the old city hall were lighted up by red fire at 3 o'clock in the morning when William J. Bryan, bare headed and smiling, was introduced from the steps of the building to a big crowd of night workers gathered there to greet him and hear him speak on the issues of the campaign.

The crowd was composed principally of employees of the big newspaper offices on Park Row, the telephone offices and the general postoffice across the park, while here and there a yellow "duster" marked a listener from one of the big markets where work does not cease with darkness. A brass band entertained the crowd with badly played patriotic airs until the arrival of Mr. Bryan and his party and a number of lesser lights in the political field spoke briefly, but neither the interruptions nor the arrival or speech of Mr. Bryan himself disturbed the regular patrons of the park benches, scores of whom slept on undisturbed by the unusual activity in their out of doors sleeping places.

Mr. Bryan was accompanied by National Chairman Norman E. Mack and by Mrs. Bryan and Mrs. Mack. Mr. Bryan eulogized the workers of the country and spoke at some length on the various issues of the campaign.

Vessels Damaged by Collision.

Sheboygan, Wis., Oct. 28.—The steamer Peters of Michigan City collided with the steamer Venezuela in coming into the harbor, doing damage to the steamer Venezuela to the extent of \$4,000. The collision was due to the misunderstanding of signals. Slight damage was done to the Peters also. The Venezuela was unloading salt at the Port Huron docks when the accident occurred.

Mr. Taft is offering a record of construction and accomplishment. Mr. Bryan is offering a record of destruction and failure.

The marrow in the bone of political contention is the continuance of Republican prosperity.

EXPLOSIONS ON PANAMA CANAL

Two Accidents Cost a Number
of Lives.

DYNAMITE THE CAUSE

One Disaster at the Culebra Cut Results in Death to Five and Injury to Eight and Another at Mindi Is Fatal to Seven and Causes the Injury of Ten Others—Most of the Victims Are Negroes.

Washington, Oct. 28.—Information has reached the Isthmian canal office here concerning two explosions of dynamite which occurred on the canal on Oct. 15 whereby twelve men were killed and eighteen were injured. The first explosion was at Culebra cut, near Empire, where five men were killed and eight injured, and the second at Mindi, where seven were killed, ten injured and one missing. All of those killed and injured at Culebra cut were negroes, excepting W. J. Davis, an engineer, and George Goodley, a crane man.

SUMMER COLONY IN RUINS

One Hundred Cottages Burned at Salisbury Beach, Mass.

Salisbury, Mass., Oct. 28.—The greater portion of the thickly housed summer colony at Salisbury Beach was wiped out by a fire which destroyed more than 100 cottages, situated along the beach front, north of the mouth of the Merrimack river. Practically all of the houses had been abandoned for the season and the damage was estimated at \$100,000.

After the flames had raged for three hours the combined fire fighting forces of Amesbury, Salisbury and Newburyport, together with the half dozen life savers from the Salisbury Beach station and a little band of volunteers, pulled down several cottages standing between the burning area and the larger hotels and dance halls and in this way prevented the fire from reaching that section. A few of the smaller hotels of the resort were burned. The fire started in the New Era cottage, owned by former State Treasurer F. B. Shaw.

Among the larger buildings which were destroyed were Hope chapel, the little Methodist Episcopal place of worship used during the summer season, and the school house of the Salisbury Beach settlement.

NO CAUSE FOR COMPLAINT

British Foreign Office's Opinion of Russo-Persian Situation.

London, Oct. 28.—The reported movement of Russian troops into Persia was discussed in the house of commons. Foreign Secretary Grey said that no Russian soldiers had crossed the border. There had been a number of more or less serious disturbances near the Russian frontier, he explained, and as Great Britain always had claimed the right of taking what steps she thought fit when British lives were in danger she could not refuse that right to others, and he contended that Russia was acting in the spirit of the convention.

Replying to the suggestion that Great Britain ask Russia to recall the Russian officers employed with Persian troops the secretary said that this matter concerned only Russia and Persia; the officers had not participated in any of the recent fighting.

TO KEEP CASTRO IN OFFICE

Proposed to Amend Constitution of Venezuela.

Willemstad, Oct. 28.—According to newspapers received here from Venezuela by the last mail there is already on foot in that republic a movement on the part of the governmental party to bring about the election of President Castro to another term of office in 1911, when his present term expires. There was a meeting of the municipal council of La Victoria on Oct. 22 at which a demand was voted for the amending of article 127 of the constitution in such a manner as would make it possible for Castro to continue in office. Several other districts have joined in a petition for action along similar lines.

Big Damages for Libel.

London, Oct. 28.—Edward Cook & Co., soap makers, obtained a libel judgment against certain newspapers owned by Lord Northcliffe, which charged that the company was attempting to form a trust. William H. Lever, a Liberal member of parliament, recently obtained judgment to the amount of \$250,000 and costs against the same publications on the same charge.

Cinivicted Murderer Escapes.

Treka, Cal., Oct. 28.—Denny Hazel, who was to have been sentenced on Thursday for the murder of Joseph Silva, effected his escape from the county jail, leaving E. L. Dudley, the jailer, locked in his cell. Hazel was standing behind the cell door in the darkness when Dudley led a squad of trustees into the cell. As the jailer stepped in Hazel stepped out and turned the key in the lock.

STONE'S REPLY TO HEARST

Former Governor Denies Being Influenced by Arohauld.

Pittsburg, Oct. 28.—Denying positively that he had been influenced in any manner by the Standard Oil company in appointing Judge Morrison and declaring that he did not appoint Judge Henderson former Governor William A. Stone gave out a statement in which he says:

"The drafts sent to Mr. Elkin, if sent to him, were sent while he was either chairman of the Republican state committee or a member of the finance committee. It was not improper for him to receive contributions for campaign expenses."

"I do not personally know Mr. Hearst. I know J. D. Archbold well enough to believe that he would be incapable of bribing an employee to steal the private letters of Mr. Hearst or any one else and publish them, or that he would buy them, knowing them to have been stolen. Hunger, fear, intoxication and insanity may go far to excuse crime, but politics never."

SAILORS ALLOWED ASHORE

Cholera Situation at Manila Is Greatly Improved.

Manila, Oct. 27.—Following an examination of conditions in Manila by a special medical board, which has been dealing with the cholera situation, Rear Admiral G. B. Harber, commanding the cruiser squadron, for the first time in many weeks granted the men of the warships shore liberty. The sailors and marines are forbidden to enter the shacks of the natives, instructed to avoid the Tondo district, where the epidemic has created the greatest ravages, and warned to take the precautions about food and drink usual under such circumstances. Hundreds of sailors are ashore under the new regulations.

The dragnet of the board of health landed but one cholera suspect.

Dies at End of Journey.

Greenville, Pa., Oct. 27.—After traveling over 5,000 miles to see his brother, A. L. Wick, a retired banker who is at the point of death at the Greenville hospital, William W. Wick of Portland, Ore., died at a local hotel a few hours after his arrival and before he could visit his brother. Mr. Wick died of apoplexy. It is feared his death may hasten the death of his brother.

DAMAGING TO NIGHT RIDERS

Man Under Arrest Alleged to Have Confessed.

Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 28.—"Blind" Burton, one of the men under arrest in connection with the night riders' outrage at Rockwell, Tenn., made a confession in the Tennessee jail. His confession is said to be very damaging to the night riders.

Burton said he was at Walnut Log hotel at 7 o'clock of the evening of the killing of Captain Rankin, that he went to the hotel for supper and saw Colonel Taylor and Captain Rankin; that he left the hotel shortly after he received his lunch and remained on the lake all night fishing. He said he heard the shots, but did not know the occasion of the shooting. He stated that he was present when the arrangements were made to go to Walnut Log and see Colonel Taylor and Captain Rankin, but he went back home and afterwards went fishing.

A dispatch from the soldiers' camp near Samburg says there is no disguising the fact that the situation in the disturbed district is grave and although all is quiet new sensational developments are expected at any hour.

Acquitted on Second Trial.

Flammarion, S. D., Oct. 28.—The jury in the case of the state against Henry Hendrickson, charged with the murder of Harvey Bradford last Halloween, brought in a verdict of not guilty. In the first trial the jury rendered a verdict of guilty. In the last trial Hendrickson went on the stand in his own behalf.

COMES UP ON JAN. 4.

Government's Appeal of the Commodity Clause Case.

Washington, Oct. 27.—The supreme court of the United States has fixed Jan. 4 as the date for hearing the argument in the commodities clause case and gave directions for the consolidation into one of all the twelve cases for the purposes of argument. The cases involved the constitutional validity of the clause of the Hepburn rate law prohibiting railroad companies from carrying commodities of their own production and all the roads affected by this action are owners of anthracite coal mines in Pennsylvania, the products of which they would be prohibited from transporting if the law should be held to be constitutional.

Roosevelt Fifty Years Old.

Washington, Oct. 28.—President Roosevelt is fifty years of age. Congratulatory messages poured into the president's office and at the White House all day. Many foreign rulers took advantage of the opportunity to send a message of warm friendship and good will through their diplomatic representatives, who called in person to present them to the president.

Mr. Bryan says he does not like the idea of running against two Republicans. He will discover later that he is running against about 8,000,000 Republicans.

The record of Mr. Taft shows that his election to the presidency will be right in the line of civil service promotion.

LAND IS THE BASIS OF ALL WEALTH

and the demand for Lake County farms is increasing. If you are in search of a

Home in a Good Climate

where you can raise Wheat, Oats Barley, Corn, Potatoes and in fact everything adapted to this latitude and where you can successfully carry on

Dairying & Stock Raising

and where your family will have the advantages of
GOOD SOCIETY GOOD SCHOOLS
GOOD CHURCH FACILITIES

Then come and see me, and I will show you just what you want
If you are renting land now, paying \$3 to \$5 annual rental, I will show you just as good land and sell it to you at what you will pay out in rental where you are in three years, and will give you easy terms of payment
If you want a good location in Madison I have such for you. A large number of substantial buildings have been built in Madison the past season and the city is steadily growing in population.

Correspondence Solicited
Chas. B. Kennedy,
MADISON, SOUTH DAKOTA.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.
Minneapolis, Oct. 27.—Wheat—Dec., \$1.02@1.02½; May, \$1.06½@1.06¾. On track—No. 1 hard, \$1.05½; No. 1 Northern, \$1.04½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.02½@1.02¾; No. 3 Northern, 98c@1.01.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.
St. Paul, Oct. 27.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, \$6.00@6.75; fair to good, \$5.00@5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, \$4.00@5.00; veal calves, \$3.75@6.00. Hogs—\$4.99@5.00. Sheep—Wethers, \$3.75@4.25; yearlings, \$4.10@4.25; spring lambs, \$4.50@5.00.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.
Duluth, Oct. 27.—Wheat—On track and to arrive—No. 1 hard, \$1.05½; No. 1 Northern, \$1.05; No. 2 Northern, \$1.02; Dec., \$1.02½; May, \$1.06½; Oct., \$1.04½; Nov., \$1.04½. Flax—To arrive and on track, \$1.27; Oct., \$1.26½; Nov., \$1.26½; Dec., \$1.25½; May, \$1.30.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.
Chicago, Oct. 27.—Wheat—Dec., \$1.00½; May, \$1.03½@1.03¾. Corn—Oct., 68½c; Dec., 63c; 63½c; July, 62½c. Oats—Dec., 48c; May, 49½c@50c; July, 45½c. Pork—Oct., \$13.75; Dec., \$13.85; Jan., \$15.00; May, \$15.87½. Butter—Creameries, 26@26c; dairies, 18@23c. Eggs—25c. Poultry—Turkeys, 15c; chickens, 8@9c; springs, 12c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.
Chicago, Oct. 27.—Cattle—Beefers, \$3.25@7.50; Texans, \$2.40@4.65; Westerners, \$3.10@5.90; stockers and feeders, \$2.60@4.55; cows and heifers, \$1.50@5.30; calves, \$6.00@8.00. Hogs—Light, \$5.00@5.80; mixed, \$5.30@6.05; heavy, \$5.30@6.05; rough, \$5.30@5.50; good to choice heavy, \$5.50@6.05; pigs, \$3.25@4.50. Sheep, \$2.50@4.60; yearlings, \$4.50@5.15; lambs, \$3.75@5.55.

In 1904 Mr. Bryan declared that no progress could be made toward economic reforms so long as the Democratic party was dominated by Parker, Sheehy, Ryan, Belmont and the rest of the "Wall street element." Today Mr. Bryan is on real chummy terms with all of the men he then denounced, from "Pinky" Connors to Roger Sullivan.

Now that the baseball season is over the fans can watch Taft making a home run for the White House.

A FATAL MISTAKE

Is Often Made By the Wisest
of South Dakota
People.

It's a fatal mistake to neglect backache.

Backache is the first symptom of kidney ills.

Serious complications follow.

Doan's Kidney Pills cure them promptly.

Don't delay until late.

Until it becomes diabetes—Bright's disease.

John James, employed on city work, living at the Central House, Sioux Falls, S. D., says: "I had suffered with my back for months. It ached all the time right in the loins the left side and up between the shoulders. I was never free from it day or night. A friend told me about Doan's Kidney Pills and a number of friends recommended them to me so highly that I got a box at a drug store and began using them. I never had any other medicine do me so much good. In time they cured me, and I have had no return of the trouble."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

A pleasing, good, high grade, truly flavored, amber colored cup of coffee can be had—without the real Coffee danger, or damage to health—by simply using Dr. Shoop's new substitute, called "Health Coffee". Pure, wholesome, toasted cereals, malt, nuts, etc., make Dr. Shoop's Health Coffee both healthful and satisfying. No 20 to 30 minutes tedious boiling. "Made in a minute," says Dr. Shoop. If served as coffee, its taste will trick an expert. Test it and see—C. A. Kelley & Son.

Quick Relief for Asthma Sufferers
Foley's Honey and Tar affords immediate relief to asthma sufferers in the worst stages and if taken in time will effect a cure. J. H. Anderson.

A. W. SPONHOLZ,

Attorney at Law.

Room 5, Garner Block

Will Interest Many

Every person should know that good health is impossible if the kidneys are deranged. Foley's Kidney Remedy will cure kidney and bladder disease in every form, and will build up and strengthen these organs so they will perform their functions properly. No danger of Bright's disease or diabetes if Foley's Kidney Remedy is taken in time.—J. H. Anderson

Millions of bottles of Foley's Honey and Tar have been sold without any person ever having experienced any other than beneficial results from its use for coughs, colds and lung trouble. This is because the genuine Foley's Honey and Tar in the yellow package contains no opiates or other harmful drugs. Guard your health by refusing any but the genuine. J. H. Anderson.

Rheumatism

I have found a tried and tested cure for Rheumatism. Not a remedy that will straighten the distorted limbs of chronic cripples, nor turn long growths back to flesh again. That is impossible, but I can now surely kill the pains and pangs of this deplorable disease.

In Germany—with a Chemist in the City of Darmstadt—I found the last ingredient with which Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy was made a perfected, dependable prescription. Without that last ingredient, I successfully treated many, many cases of Rheumatism; but now, at last, I firmly believe that I have found the last, the best, the most reliable cure of this heretofore incurable disease. These sand-like granular wastes, found in Rheumatic blood, seem to dissolve and pass away under the action of this remedy as freely as does sugar when added to pure water. And then, when dissolved, these poisonous wastes freely pass from the system, and the cause of Rheumatism is gone forever. There is now no real need—no actual excuse to suffer longer with out help. We sell, and in confidence recommend

**Dr. Shoop's
Rheumatic Remedy**
SCHUTZ & KETCHAM

WARREN W. TOLLES

TEACHER OF VOICE
HARMONY and COM-
POSITION.

Choir Training a Specialty

TERM: \$7.50 per Lesson
of Forty Minutes.

APPLY AT RESIDENCE
ONE BLOCK SOUTH
OF EAST HALL.